The Bedford Gazette.

BY MEYERS & MENGEL. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 17, 1868. VOL. 62.—WHOLE No. 5,426.

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TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is published every Friday morning by MEYERS & MENGEL, at $2.00 per annum, *if paid strictly in advance*; $2.50 if paid within six months; $3.00 if not paid within six onths. *All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.* No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

All ADVERTISEMENTS for a less term than three months TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. Special notices one-half additional All resolutions of Associattons; communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of marriages and deaths exceeding five lines, *ten cents* per line. Editorial notices fifteen cents per line.

All legal Notices of every kind, and Orphans' Court and Judicial Sales, are required by law to be published in both papers published in this place.

☞ All advertising due after first insertion.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
*One square - - -	$ 4 50	$ 6 00	$10 00
Two squares - - -	6 00	9 00	16 00
Three squares - - -	8 00	12 00	20 00
Quarter column - -	14 00	20 00	35 00
Half column - - -	18 00	25 00	45 00
One column - - - -	30 00	45 00	80 00

*One square to occupy one inch of space.

JOB PRINTING, of every kind, done with neatness and dispatch. THE GAZETTE OFFICE has just been refitted with a Power Press and new type, and everything in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.—TERMS CASH.

☞ All letters should be addressd to
MEYERS & MENGEL,
Publishers.

Dry-Goods, etc.

CASH BUYERS, TAKE NOTICE!

SAVE YOUR GREENBACKS!

NEW
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
just received,
At J. M. SHOEMAKER'S Store,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Having just returned from the East, we are now opening a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which have been BOUGHT FOR CASH, at nett cash prices, and will be SOLD CHEAP. This being the only full stock of goods brought to Bedford this season, persons will be able to suit themselves better, in style, quality and price, than at any other store in Bedford. The following comprise a few of our prices, viz:

Calicoes, at 10, 12, 14, 15, 16 and the best at 18 cents.

Muslins at 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, and and the best at 22 cents.

All Wool Flannels from 40 cts. up.

French Merinoes, all wool Delaines, Coburgs, &c.

SHAWLS —Ladies', children's and misses' shawls, latest styles; ladies' cloaking cloth.

MEN'S WEAR—Cloths, cassimeres, satinetts, jeans, &e.

BOOTS AND SHOES—In this line we have a very extensive assortment for ladies, misses, children, and men's and boys' boots and shoes, all sizes and prices, to suit all.

HATS—A large assortment of men's and boys' hats.

CLOTHING—Men's and boys' coats, pants and vests, all sizes and prices.

SHIRTS, &c.—Men's woolen and muslin shirts; Shakspeare, Lockwood and muslin-lined paper collars; cotton chain (single and double, white and colored).

GROCERIES—Coffee, sugar, syrups, green and black teas, spices of all kinds, dye-stuffs, &c.

LEATHER—Sole leather, French and city calf skins, upper leather, linings, &c.

☞ We will sell goods on the same terms that we have been for the last three months—cash, or note with interest from date. No bad debts contracted and no extra charges to good paying customers to make up losses of slow and never paying customers. Cash buyers always get the best bargains, and their accounts are always settled up.

J. M. SHOEMAKER.
Bedford, Sep.27,'67. No. 1 Anderson's Row.

10 per cent. saved in buying your goods for cash, at J. M. SHOEMAKER'S cash and produce store, No. 1 Anderson's Row.
sep27

GREAT BARGAINS!

The undersigned have opened a very full supply of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
Our stock is complete and is not surpassed in EXTENT,
QUALITY AND CHEAPNESS.
The old system of
"TRUSTING FOREVER"
having exploded, we are determined to
SELL GOODS UPON THE SHORTEST PROFIT
FOR
CASH OR PRODUCE.
☞ To prompt paying customers we will extend a credit of *four months*, but we wish it expressly understood, after the period named, account will be due and interest will accrue thereon.
BUYERS FOR CASH
may depend upon
GETTING BARGAINS.
nov1,'67 A. B. CRAMER & CO.

NEW GOODS!! NEW GOODS!!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied stock of New Goods, which are now open for examination, at
MILL-TOWN,
two miles West of Bedford, comprising everything usually found in a first-class country store, consisting, in part, of
Dry-Goods,
Delaines,
Calicoes,
Muslins,
Cassimers,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Notions,
&c., &c.
All of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices.
☞ Thankful for past favors, we solicit a continuance of the public patronage.
☞ Call and examine our goods.
may24,'67. G. YEAGER

NEW ARRIVAL.—Just received at M. C. FETTERLY'S FANCY STORE, Straw Hats and Bonnets, Straw Ornaments, Ribbons Flowers, Millinery Goods, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Bead-trimmings, Buttons, Hosiery and Gloves, White Goods, Parasols and Sun-Umbrellas, Balmorals and Hoop Skirts, Fancy Goods and Notions, Ladies' and Children's Shoes. Our assortment contains all that is new and desirable. Thankful for former liberal patronage we hope to be able to merit a continuance from all our customers. Please call and see our new stock.
may31

A RARE CHANCE IS OFFERED
ALL PERSONS
To display their Goods;
To sell their Goods:
To gather information;
To make known their wants;
&c., &c. &c. &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
by advertising in the columns of THE GAZETTE.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:—Before performing the customary and constitutional duty of transmitting to you information of the affairs of the Commonwealth, and recommending such measures to your consideration as are deemed necessary and expedient, it affords me great gratification to tender to you my most friendly greetings on your assembling at the Seat of Government, and to welcome you to the council chambers of the State.

Our grateful acknowledgments are due to the Beneficent Author of all good for the continued prosperity and well-being which everywhere prevails, for the abundance which has crowned the labors of the husbandman, for the general health with which we have been so signally favored, and for all the enjoyments of peace, contentment and happiness within our borders.

Our country has just emerged from the trials and dangers of an unrighteous rebellion and entered upon a period of important political struggle arising therefrom. Being convened as the representatives of a confiding constituency, grave duties and responsibilities devolve upon you to so legislate upon the great and manifold interests committed to your charge as best to subserve the welfare of the people and advance the honor of the State. The fullest confidence is entertained that your deliberations will result beneficially and your public duties be faithfully discharged, and on my part, permit me to give you assurance of zealous co-operation in all your labors calculated to promote the general welfare.

One of the most important duties devolving upon the Legislature is the consideration of the public finances. Such action should be taken for the provision of funds to defray the current expenses of the Government, the preservation of the credit of the Commonwealth, and the speedy extinguishment of the public debt, as circumstances shall be found to require. These objects are of the highest importance and claim the first attention of the Representatives of the people.

Finances,

The report of the State Treasurer shows that the balance in the Treasury November 30, 1866, was		$1,741,033 27
Ordinary receipts during the fiscal year ending November 30, 1867,		5,423,330 07
Loan for the redemption of the over-due bonds		23,000,000 00
Depreciated funds in the Treasury, unavailable		41,032 00
Total in Treasury for fiscal year ending Nov. 30, 1867		$30,205,395 34
Payments, viz:		
Ordinary expenses during the fiscal year ending Nov. 30, 1867	$4.583,606 99	
Loans, &c., redeemed	20,918,829 89	
Depreciated funds, unavailable	41,032 00	
	25,543.558 88	
Balance in Treasury, Nov. 30, 1867,	4, 661,836 46	
Of which the Treasurer reports as applicable to the payment of over-due loans, the sum of	2,937,978 55	
Balance	1,723,875 91	
Amount of the State debt on Nov. 30, 1866		$35,622,052 16
Funded debt, viz.		
6 per cent. loans		$25,311,180 00
5 per cent. loans		12,104.025 20
4½ per cent. loans		175,000 00
		$37,590,205 20
Unfunded debt, viz:		
Relief notes in circulation		96,625 00
Interest certificates outstanding		13,086 52
Interest certificates unclaimed		4,448 38
Domestic creditors' certificates		44 67
		114,204 56
Total outstanding		37,704,409 77
From which deduct the amount in Treasury applicable to the payment of over-due loans		2,937,978 55
		34,766,431 22
Amount redeemed during fiscal year ending November 30, 1867		855,620 94

That the operations of the sinking fund may be clearly understood, the following "recapitulation" is quoted from the report of the Commissioners for the year ending September 3, 1867:

Balance in sinking fund, September 3, 1867:		$2,752,351 77
Receipts in fund for year ending September 3, 1867		3,354,819 69
		6,108,162 46
Disbursements:		
Paid interest		$2,575,330 55
Loans redeemed		1,795,569 50
Premiums		275 00
Domestic creditors		75 00
		4,370,250 05
Balance in fund		1,737,912 41

By the sixth section of the act of May 16, 1861, a special tax of one-half mill on the dollar was especially set apart for the payment of the interest, and redemption of the loan created by an act of May 18, 1861, entitled "An Act to create a loan and provide for arming the State."

The receipts from said tax and tax on gross receipts amounts to		$489,178 17
Interest paid in February and August, 1867		169,245 00
Balance on hand		319,933 17
Public debt, November 30, 1867		$34,766,431 22
Assets in Treasury, viz:		
Bonds of the Pennsylvania railroad company	$6,500,000 00	
Bonds of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad company	3,500,000 00	
Interest on bonds of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad company	1,400,000 00	
Cash in Treasury	1,723,857 91	
	13,123,857 91	
Liabilities in excess of assets		21,642,572 31

The above assets will be available as follows:

By the act of May 16, 1867, the Pennsylvania railroad company are to pay on the above bonds, $100,000 a year until July 31, 1890, when one million of the residue shall fall due, and one million annually thereafter, without interest, until the whole is paid, which will be in the year 1895.

By the act of March 7, 1861, the $3,500,000 of bonds of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad were surrendered to that company, upon the deposit of four millions of dollars of their bonds as collateral security for the payment of the original bonds, and a mortgage of four millions of dollars was also given by the company to secure their payment. These bonds are to be paid in forty years from date of issue, and will mature A. D. 1901.

There is always a discrepancy in announcing the reduction of the State debt, between the annual proclamation of the Governor and report of the State Treasurer, arising from the fact that the sinking fund year terminates on the first Monday in September and the fiscal year of the Treasury on the 30th of November. To prevent complications of accounts and annual explanations I recommend that the termination of the sinking fund year be made the same as that of the Treasury.

The promptitude with which citizens of Pennsylvania came forward last April and took the whole amount of the twenty-three million loan, (the bids being for upwards of thirty-three millions), may be considered a most auspicious circumstance in the financial history of the State, and indicates unbounded confidence in the good faith and substantial credit of the Commonwealth. The following statement of the finances is set forth with pleasure, in consequence of their flourishing condition.

In addition thereto, the balance in favor of the General Government for Pennsylvania's quota of the direct tax levied in the several States for war purposes and for cash from the United States, amounting, in all, to nearly two millions of dollars, has been settled in full by the allowance of claims for extraordinary expenses incurred by the State during the war.

In consequence of the lapse of time since the remaining claims were contracted, the want of sufficient vouchers and explanations, and the difficulty of finding the parties, some of them being dead by whom they should be made, render their settlement difficult, and in many instances, doubtful, the accomplishment of which will, however, be vigorously pursued and the results laid before the Legislature.

Passing from this general review of the finances of the State, I cannot permit some of the most prominent ideas connected with them to pass unnoticed, because they clearly indicate the path of duty in the discharge of the Executive trust. It is deemed proper to call your attention to the fact that during the entire year a very large sum of money is in the keeping of the State Treasurer. This sum has not at any time for years been less than a million of dollars, and at present amounts to considerably over four millions of dollars. That it is unnecessary that the greater portion of this money should be kept in the Treasury to meet the ordinary demands upon it is obvious; and that it should be withdrawn from circulation is certainly a detriment to the business of the community. A contraction to the amount of several millions, as at present, cannot fail to make its impression upon those engaged in mercantile, manufacturing, agricultural, mining and all other kinds of employments. This money, I am informed upon good authority, can be loaned, with ample security for its repayment when needed, for certain specified periods, at a reasonable rate of interest, and the proceeds placed in the Treasury for the benefit of the State, which would not only be beneficial to the tax-payers, by increasing the public revenue, but also enlarge the accommodations for business purposes. If this plan were adopted, the withdrawal of the circulating medium, by the payment of taxes, would be so brief that it would not materially affect the public welfare. The fund thus acquired could be added to the sinking fund, and would materially aid in the reduction of the State debt.

A glance at the condition of the Treasury will show that at least four millions of dollars might now be loaned, and at four per cent. would realize the handsome sum of $160,000 per annum. Or nearly the whole amount of the balance now in the Treasury might be rendered productive by being invested in the bonds of the State, bearing six per cent. interest, even though purchased at a premium. Or, it might be invested in United States interest bearing bonds which would be available at any moment a necessity might arise for the use of the funds. If that amount were exchanged at par for United States ten-forty bonds, bearing five per cent. interest, in gold, the product would be at the rate of $200,000 per annum, in gold, or, at the present value of gold, $266,000 in currency. Besides, the funds would not become "depreciated and unavailable" by long continuance in the Treasury. A law for this purpose could be passed, specifying the method by which the unneeded money of the Treasury may be loaned, authorizing and empowering the State Treasurer, and such others as you may designate, to execute, or carry out, its provisions.

Your attention is also invited to the fact that the salary of the State Treasurer, now only seventeen hundred dollars, is entirely disproportioned to the duties and responsibilities of that officer, and that the amount of the bond, eighty thousand dollars, given by him to the State, is equivalent to no security at all, under the present system of placing, unconditionally, the entire funds of the State in his hands. The only security is the incorruptible honesty and integrity of the Treasurer. Suppose that when there is in his keeping millions of dollar. the incumbent of that office should be tempted to become a defaulter! How easily could he secure to his bondsmen the amount for which they would legally be liable to the State and appropriate the balance to himself! For years, it seems to me, the Treasury of the State has stood, as it were, upon a volcano. Examples all around us show the fallibility of man, and how frequently and easily he is swerved from the path of rectitude and honor. Even many of those in the most elevated positions and enjoying the highest confidence of the public, are often found to yield to the temptations that surround them. The desire for the rapid accumulation of wealth; the thousands of schemes presented to excite the cupidity of human nature; and the looseness of public morals, engendered by the escape of the guilty from punishment, have so demoralized public sentiment that it may be considered a wonder—almost a miracle—that Pennsylvania has so long escaped from the calamity that might at any time have happened, or that may hereafter happen, by the robbery of her Treasury, and render the suspension of the payment of the interest upon the State debt, for a time, inevitable.

In the performance of my duty, I have forewarned the Legislature of a danger as respects her finances, of no common magnitude. It remains for it to determine whether this danger shall be averted by prompt and efficient legislation and the Treasury guarded against the occurrence of so great a calamity.

Education.

The report of the Superintendent of the Common Schools exhibits a full view of our excellent system of public instruction, which is widely diffusing its blessings by securing a sound and substantial education to all the children of the State. A brief summary will give an idea of the immense proportions it has attained and the vast amount of usefulness of which it is capable.

At the close of the year the number of school districts in the State was 1,899; the number of schools, 13,436; graded schools, 2,147; school directors, 12,534; county, city and borough superintendents, 68; teachers, 16,-523; pupils, 789,389; the cost of tuition, $3,-028,065 70; building, $1,262,798 68; contingencies, $790,665 33; tuition, building and contingencies, $5,081,539 71; and the amount expended for all purposes, relating to schools, $5,169,750 17.

Your attention is particularly invited to the want of uniformity and constant change of books in the public schools. These are matters of serious inconvenience and needless expense to the poor, and might easily be remedied by judicious legislation.

The chief aim of our system of common schools is to place the advantages of an education within the reach of all the children of the Commonwealth; and when it is considered that intelligence and virtue are the principal safeguards of our free institutions, this system earnestly claims the fostering care and wise guidance of the Legislature.

The graded schools have largely increased during the past year. The system established by the State was designed, not only to furnish instruction to our youth in the elements of knowledge, but wherever practicable, to impart to them an education in the higher branches of learning. The multiplication of grammar and high schools should, therefore, receive every encouragement, for they are necessary to perfect the system and enable the States to avail itself of that talent which is born in the cottages of the poor quite as frequently as in the places of the rich.

Good schools cannot exist without good teachers, and good teachers can only be obtained by using the proper means to prepare them. Recognizing these facts, the Legislature of 1857 passed a general Normal school law, dividing the State into twelve districts, and looking forward to the establishment, in each of them, of a Normal school. According to the provisions of this law four of these schools are now organized, the prosperous condition of which is exemplified by the fact that two thousands one hundred and eighty-five students attended them during the past year, of whom forty-six graduated.

Fourteen colleges and thirty-two academies have made reports to the School Department during the past year. Such institutions supply a great public want, as the common school system is not competent to perform the whole work of popular education.—A State requires men of generous culture in all the walks of life, as well as in the profession of teaching, and the perfection of the system of public school instruction is one of the wisest and noblest objects of legislaton. All of the different institutions of learning would be strengthened and their usefulness increased by bringing them together in a closer union, which possibly can be best accomplished by the creation of a general Department of Education.

Soldiers' Orphans' Schools.

The Superintendent reports the expenditures for the eleven months ending November 30, 1867, as follows:

Education and maintenance	$341,889 85
Partial relief	210 00
Clothing furnished 1,988 children, in advanced schools	37,187 83
Making and repairing clothing, freight, &c	8.350 74
General expenses	6,781 60
Total am't, from Jan. 1, to Dec. 1,'67	394,420 02

The expenses for the six months, from December 1, 1867, to June 1, 1868, are estimated by the Superintendent, as follows:

Education and maintenance of 1,850 children, in advanced schools, at $140 per annum	$129,500 00
Education and maintenance for 500 children in primary schools, at $125 per annum	31,250 00
Education and maintenance of 1,050 children in "Homes," at $105 per annum	55,125 00
Clothing 1,850 children, at $25 per annum	23,125 00
Transferring pupils, salaries, &c	3,975, 00
Estimate for six months, ending June 1, 1868	242.975 00
Total actual and estimated expenses for seventeen months, from January 1, 1869, to June 1, 1868	$637,395 02
Or, at the rate of $449,925 80 per annum.	
From which deduct total amount appropriated for seventeen months at $350,000 per annum	495,833 33
And a deficit for seventeen months is shown, of	141,561 69
Or, at the rate of $99,925 80 per annum.	
Add the amount due for December, 1866	31,049 77
And it exhibits the total deficit from December 1, 1866, to June 1, 1868, to be provided for by special appropriation	172,611 46

I do not deem it inappropriate here to state that if the bill which passed the House at the last session had become a law, making an appropriation of $450,000 per annum for the orphans' schools, it would have been sufficient to have paid the total expenses.

The estimates for the year ending June 1st, 1869, will be found fully set forth in the report of the Superintendent. From that report it will also be seen that there are in operation thirty-nine orphan schools and homes, having in charge an average of two thousand nine hundred and thirty-one pupils, for the year ending November 30, 1867, at an average cost of one hundred and forty-eight dollars and forty-three cents per annum.

These schools have doubtless reached their maximum numbers. Sixteen years being the age at which the orphans cease to be chargeable to the State, and they will henceforward decrease in the following ratio, viz: 374 will reach that age in 1868, 329 in 1869, 348 in 1870, 403 in 1871, 479 in 1872, 460 in 1873, 416 in 1874, and 344 in 1875, after which there probably will not be more than 600 remaining in the schools. Should the term be reduced to fifteen years, as has been proposed by some, fully one fifth of the number now in the schools would enter upon trades or business within the present year.

No calculation can furnish an estimate of the benefits and blessings that are constantly flowing from these institutions. Thousands of orphan children are enjoying their parental care, moral culture, and educational training, who otherwise would have suffered poverty and want, and been left to grow up in idleness and neglect. Many a widow's heart has been gladdened by the protection, comfort and religious solicitude extended to her fatherless off-spring, and thousands are the prayers devoutly uttered for those who have not been unmindful of them in the time of their affliction. In making the generous disposition it has done for these destitute and helpless orphans, the Legislature deserves and receives the heartiest thanks of every good citizen, all of whom will cordially approve a continuance of that beneficence. In shielding, protecting and educating the children of our dead soldiers the Legislature is nobly performing its duty. Those children are not the mere object of our charity, or pensioners upon our bounty; but the wards of the Commonwealth, and have just claims, earned by the blood of their fathers, upon its support and guardianship, which can only be withheld at the sacrifice of philanthropy, honor, patriotism, State pride, and every principla of humanity.

Agricultural College.

The act of Congress of July 2, 1862, granted land scrip to the several States, to be appropriated to the maintenance of colleges, whose leading object it shall be to give instructions in the sciences which minister to agriculture and the mechanic arts. By the rule of apportionment, adopted by Congress, 700,000 acres fell to the share of this Commonwealth. The act of Assembly of February 19, 1867, appropriated the benefit of the whole of that grant to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, which has thereby become subject to the supervision and guardianship of the State. I therefore invite your attention to the organization and condition of that institution, as exhibited by the president of the board of trustees, in his report for the year 1867, which will be laid before you—The commissioners appointed by the Legislature to sell the land scrip have compeleted the sales, which amount to $139,186 80. In accordance with the act of Assembly, the one-tenth of the proceeds has been applied to the purchase of sites for "Model and Experimental Farms," and the residue invested as follows: $120,000 in United States 5-20 bonds; $20,000 in Pennsylvania war loan, and $235,000 in the Pennsylvania bonds of 1867.

The college has been thoroughly reorganized in order to make it fully respond to the object and requirements of the act of Congress and to the educational interests of the industrial classes, and to meet these ends it now gives courses of instruction in general science, agriculture, mechanical and civil engineering, metallurgy and mining, ancient and modern languages, and military tactics, employing a faculty comprising six professors and two instructors in the college department and three instructors in the grammar school. This important educational enterprise in the interests of agriculture and the mechanical arts deserves favorable consideration.

Military.

An adequate preparation in time of peace in a preservative against the probabilities and contingencies of war. This oft repeated axiom was not sufficiently realized before the rebellion, tor, when it broke out, it found the nation wholly unprepared. Had it been otherwise, the war which continued through a period of four years, and cost the country millions of treasure, hundreds of thousands of lives, and an incalculable amount of suffering and want, would have been of comparatively short duration, if not crushed in its incipiency. That war, however, has not been without its useful lessons. It has taught-the necessity of adhering to principles in practice which we havo heretofore only acknowledged in theory. It has trained many thousands of our young men in the science of arms and infused among them a spirit of military ardor which may safely be relied on in any future emergency, and paved the way for the establishment of military organizations that will prove a safeguard and honor to the State, The Legislature, availing itself of these facts; should adopt a liberal and effective system for increasing the volunteer milita. The law of 1864, though excellent in many respects, does not meet the requirements of the times, and alterations and amendments are needed before it can accomplish all the contemplated and desired objects. The minimum of men necessary to form a company is entirely too high, and in many places where smaller companies would be formed, it is impossible to rais, them in accordance with the ratio established by the act. From the report of the Adjutant General, it will be seen that there are now but thirty-eight uniformed companies in the State, comprising only about three thousand men, whilst the suggested amendments, which should be made as early as possible, would increase these organizations to any desirable extent, tend to renew and keep alive in our soldiers the proud memories of the service and to preserve the military ardor born of our recent struggles for national existence.

New Arsenal.

The necessity for a new arsenal, affording a place of safe deposit for ordnance, ordnance stores and a magazine, is so obvious as to require nothing more on my part than to call your attention to the subject, and to ask that authority be given and an appropriation made for the purchase of a site and for the erection of suitable buildings for the purpose indicated.

Reynolds Monument.

Agreeable to the requirements of the act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to transfer to the Reynolds Monument Committee unserviceable and condemned ordnance," approved March 7, 1867, I caused the ordnance in the arsenal to be inspected and turned over to the committee for the purpose indicated five condemned six-pounder brass cannon, weighing in the aggregated three thousands seven hundred and forty-eight pounds.

History.

In 1864 the Legislature made an appropriation for the purpose of having prepared and published a complete history of the military operations of the State in reference to the late war. My predecessor appointed Samuel P. Bates, Esq., for the purpose of consummating the provisions of that act, who proceeded to collect the necessary materials and to prosecute the work.

Although the country has again been restored to peace, the people continue to feel a deep interest in all that relates to the struggle which so recently convulsed the nation. In the prosecution of the war Pensylvania, always among the first to answer the country's call, give additional evidences of her devotion to liberty and to the nation's glory. Over three hundred and sixty thousand of her sons stood in the ranks of the Union army. Many have fallen, and nearly thirty thousand by wounds and disease received in the field, repose in death. To commemorate their heroism, to preserve their names and perpetuate the record of their deeds are among the objects of the work in progress.—In its pages will be found an account of each and every military organization of the State, the officers and men of whom they were composed; the name of every individual, with his place of residence, time of muster, date of discharge, and the special acts by which he was distinguished, as well of the dead as those who have survived.

Transportation Department.

The Department of Transportation, created during the war, has accomplished its purpose, and ceased to exist by the determination of the Legislature, expressed in the appropriation bill, approved April 11, 1867. The report of the Superintendent shows that for the year ending November 30, 1867, the whole number of claims settled and paid was eight hundred and eighty-two. These were for the disinterment of the bodies of deceased Pennsylvania soldiers on distant battle-fields and transportation to the homes of their relatives, and the total expenditures were thirty-two thousand five hundred and thirty-nine dollars and forty cents. There remain unsettled one hundred and twenty-three claims, amonuting to about four thousand dollars, for the payment of which and some unsettled transportation, an appropriation of four thousand five hundred dollars will be required.

All the papers and business of the Department have been transferred to the office of the Adjutant General.

State Agent,

During the war a State Agency, for the examination, adjustment and collection, free of expenses, of military claims, was established at Washington, for the maintenance of which the Legislature, with commendable liberality, has annually made the necessary appropriations.

In January last, Col. John H. Stewart, of Allegheny county, was appointed Agent, and Lieutenant Colonel Wm. A. Cook, Assistant. After a faithful and efficient performance of its duties until 31st of October, Col. Stewart resigned in consequence of domestic afflictions, when Col. Cook was promoted to fill the position, and Lieutenant Col. J. Copelan, appointed Assistant.

During the year ending December 15, 1867, one thousand seven hundred and eighteen claims have been settled, and three hundred and twenty-one Treasury certificates collected, amounting to $241,669,43. Two thousand one hundred and twenty-nine new cases remain unsettled, the most of which will probably be settled by the 30th of June next, at which period the appropriation terminates. When this is exhausted, the Department will have doubtless fulfilled its mission, and the documents and papers can be transferred to the Adjutant General's office.

Cemeteries.

The reports of the commissioners appointed under the act of March 12, 1867, to investigate the transactions relating to certain cemeteries are herewith presented.

The work at the Gettysburg cemetery is progressing, but with less expedition than was contemplated, in consequence of the difficulty of procuring such blocks of marble as were required for statuary.

The appropriation of three thousand dollars to the cemetery at Antietam has been withheld, as it appears from the act of incorporation by the legislature of Maryland and the resolutions of the board of trustees, that the rebel dead are to be interred within the enclosure and to be honored with the same memorials as the Union soldiers who are there buried.

The custom has ever prevailed to specially honor those in death who won special honor by meritious lives. The monuments reared to the memory of departed worth bear ample testimony that our people have not been unmindful of this custom. But where were such memorials ever erected for men whose actions were infamous, and who perished in en ignoble cause? Who would glorify the treason of Benedict Arnold with such monuments as have arisen to the memory of Washington? Who would dare to insult the loyal heart of this nation by proposing to lay, side by side, in the same sepulchre, the body of the assassin Booth and that of Abraham Lincoln? No loyal man would take the heartless Wirz and the other demons that presided over the prison dens of cruelty, starvation and death, and the executed conspirators against the nation's illustrious chief, and deposit them in the same tomb with the patriotic men who sacrificed their lives in batsling for "the right against the wrong." Yet it is proposed that the loyal States construct cemeteries for the heroic dead, and then desecrate them by the burial therein of those who prosecuted against the country a warfare which for its diabolical ferocity is without a parallel in the history of civilization, and even to erect monuments to their memory. Carry out this purpose and what inducement can be hereafter offered to the loyal citizen to fight against treason when he feels assured that should he fall in battle the traitor's grave will be honored equally with his own?

The cause of the Union was a holy one, while that which opposed it must have been its converse. To one side alone the glory belongs. This was not a war of nations, but of treason against loyalty. It was a contest of rebels who would have drained the life's blood of the government which had nurtured and protected them against its patriotic sons who fought to save it from destruction. It was a war carried on by the defenders and promoters of oppression against the friends and lovers of liberty and their country's integrity.

While there is no reasonable objection to giving decent sepulture even to the rebel dead, those who consider them deserving of honorable testimonials may bestow them. It is our duty to render honor only to whom we believe honor is due.

Monument to Deceased soldiers of the Mexican War.

The commissioners appointed under an act of the Legislature, approved April 22, 1858, "to contract for, and superintend the erection of a monument to the memory of citizens of Pennsylvania who were slain or lost their lives in the late war with Mexico," have contracted for the erection of a monument, in a prominent portion of the Capitol grounds, and the work is progressing as rapidly as circumstances will permit. The appropriation of $6,000, to which the commissioners are limited, is inadequate for the object contemplated. The lowest bid for the contract was $8,200. I join the commissioners, therefore, in requesting an additional appropriation of three thousand dollars, to be used, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to complete the undertaking.

Your patriotism will doubtless give a favorable response to this request, and the enlightened people of the commonwealth, rising above selfish and partisan feelings, will sanction such expenditure for the erection of this honorable memento. A State that has been prodigal of her millions in the employment of her physical resources and in the performance of every noble and disinterested act which philanthropy could suggest, cannot forget her gallant sons whose sufferings and sacrifices for their country have never been fully appreciated, and whose remains repose among strangers, in a foreign land, without a stone, however rude, to indicate their last resting places, or distinguish their graves from those of their fallen enemies.

Legislation.

At the last session certain bills were passed in which the large numbers of citizens were deeply interested, the responsibility for which after the adjournment, but few members could be found willing to assume, or even to admit any knowledge of their passage. It is expected that every legislator should be acquainted with all that is transpiring in the legislative halls. He is not simply chosen to give his support to certain bills which have been called to his individual attantion, but, to be constantly on the alert to frustrate every act that may have a tendency to jeopardize the public intersts. To plead ignorance after a real or imaginary wrong has been done, is to acknowedge a want of attention to the trust reposed by his constituents. One bill, the authorship and knowledge of which has been generally disclaimed, passed both branches of Assembly, and was sent in due form, with signatures of the proper officers, for the Executive approval in duplicate. All such hasty and careless legislation should be avoided, and the members of the session now about to commence be enabled at its close to give an account of their participation in every act however unimportant. The Legislature, coming as it does, fresh from the ranks of the people, should set an example in economy, retrenchment and reform. It is the custodian of the public interests, and any unnecessary extravagance or prodigality in the expenditure of public money is reprehensible. It was a matter of common notority at the last session that a number of subordinate officers, in both branches of the Assembly, were appointed, to whom liberal salaries were paid, and who were never seen at their designated posts, and rendered no service to the State. This practice has been emphatically condemned by the press and the people, and will not be continued by any Legislature which means to acquire a reputation for a faithful performance of duty. Your attention is respectfully invited to the law on this subject as contained in sections fifteen to eighteen of the act approved the 7th day of May, 1855.

General Railroad Law.

The subject of a general railroad law has long been agitated, and although it has found opponents, but few objections have been urged against whilst arguments accumulate in its favor. It seems impossible that any person can receive injury from its adoption, whilst its benefits may be felt by all clases of citizens. Even the chartered companies have no reasonable grounds for opposition. The intention of the proposed law is not to deprive them of any vested rights or franchises; but to secure to others the same privileges and opportunities for competiton. It will open new avenues to distant markets; improve the value of property; give new impulse to immigration; put additional lands under cultivation; stimulate trade agriculture, manufactures and mechanic arts to increased energy; furnish greater inducements and facilities for travel, and add to our general prosperity. Other States have tried the experiment with satisfactory results, and there is no reason why Pennsylvania should be a laggard in the grand march of progress and improvement.

Next to the importance of creating additional railroads on the free principle, is the reduction of charges for passage and freight to minimum rates. This is a matter that concerns every individual. Transportation will increase in quantity in proportion to the reduction of its cost, and as the facilities increase and the costs decrease, the more vigorous will be the development of our industrial resources.—Railroads will derive more benefit from low than from exorbitant charges. The increase of travel and freight will be vastly greater than the increase of expense. The transportation of a loaded car costs but little more than that of one that is empty. In the matter of passengers alone, it is reasonable to suppose, that the the lower rates of fare, the greater will be the number of persons to avail themselves of the privilege of railroad transportation. The same is true in regard to freight; for the engine that draws a half-dozen cars, can with nearly equal facility propel a larger number. Mowever the road that is worked to its utmost capacity must necessarily, at very reduced rates, acquire greater profits than one that transacts but a small portion of the business for which it is competent. The adoption of a system of uniform rates for passengers and freight, so graduated as to be profitable to all immediately interested in the use and conduct of such works, would be productive of decided benefit in lessening the prices of food, clothing, fuel, and all the neccessaries of life, to every citizen of the commonwealth.

* * * * * * *

I earnestly invoke the blessing of Almighty God upon your deliberations, and that He will prosper your exertions to promote the happiness of the people and the welfare of our beloved Commonwealth.

JOHN W. GEARY.

EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
Harrisburg, Jan. 7, 1867.

—Mrs. Pollard, wife of him who was shot, has *debuted* on the stage at Baltimore.

—An exchange calls Anna Dickinson, Miss Jaw, and Grant, General Lockjaw.

—Chicago circulates more counterfeit than genuine postal currency.

—Florida juries are composed of eight negroes and four white men.

The Bedford Gazette.

Friday Morning, January 17, 1868.

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

We publish on our outside, a condensed report of the message of Gov. Geary. It is a very lengthy document and contains much matter that does not properly belong to a paper of this sort. We do not propose to review it at length, but merely to refer to some of its salient points.

The Governor is quite severe upon the last Legislature. He says that it passed "certain bills in which large numbers of citizens were deeply interested, the responsibility for which, after the adjournment, but few members could be found willing to assume, or even to admit any knowledge of their passage." What a reflection upon his own party friends who had almost two-thirds of that body! But the Governor forgets to state that he signed some of those bills and that they are now laws of the land. If they were wrong, why did he not stop them with his veto?

Again, His Excellency informs us that "it was a matter of common notoriety at the last session that a number of subordinate officers, in both branches of the Assembly, were appointed, to whom liberal salaries were paid, and who were never seen at their designated posts, and rendered no service to the State." Here is an open confession that the Radical Legislature of last year, permitted its party friends to *steal from the public treasury!* We frequently charged this upon them, but our asseverations were set down as "copperhead lies." Now, that Governor Geary admits their truth, we hope our "Republican" friends will give the subject some reflection. It is a pity that the Governor could not have made some mention of this matter in his proclamation concerning the supposed reduction of the State debt, issued just before the last election.

The Governor pitches into the Antietam Cemetery Association with terrible vim. Because, forsooth, some of the "rebel dead" are to be interred within the enclosure of this Cemetery, he will have nothing to do with it. Is the man afraid of ghosts? Does he fear that the bones of the dead Southrons will rise from their graves, and under the banner of the "lost cause," march across the border and burn Chambersburg, or bombard the Executive Mansion? He must believe in witches. Shame on him! Such relentless malignity as prompted this part of his message is a disgrace to the character of a Christian gentleman, and could scarcely be found in the breast of a digger Indian. But it is just like Geary. He always preferred to fight dead men.

"National affairs," also, occupy a place in the message. His Excellency evidently imagined himself in the President's seat, at Washington, when he (that is, his Attorney General) wrote this part of the document. His lucubrations in this regard, are only a rehash of the thread-bare stuff that usually composes Radical talk on "Reconstruction." *Ne sutor ultra crepidam.*

One thing, however, the Governor says nothing about—*Temperance!* What has become of the Temperance Cause, Bro. Templar Geary? Have you not a single word to bestow upon this all-important subject? What! already weary in well doing? You talk about "gas," and "history," and "agriculture," and "grave-yards," and "taxes," and "insurance" and "penitentiaries," and "fish," subjects that are so dry that they naturally suggest something to drink, and after thus placing temptation in the reader's way, you don't even hint to him not "to indulge!" But, we forgot. His Excellency has, doubtless, reserved his temperance thunder, until that committee, of which J. Cessna, of Bedford, is chairman, shall report that "Prohibitory Liquor Bill" which it was appointed to draft. Until then let us possess our souls in patience.

A SECRET ORGANIZATION known as the "Grand Army of the Republic," which is made up of boss politicians, sutlers and camp-followers, is now engaged in nominating Gen. Grant for the Presidency. We suggest that they take Lee, or Johnston, or some other rebel general whom Grant got President Johnson to pardon, as their candidate for Vice President. As the redoubtable Radicals appear to be ready to swallow any quantity of conservative dirt, they certainly could not object to a pardoned rebel, especially if Grant had him pardoned.

MILLIONS to run the Bones and Banjo Conventions of the Negroized States, voted out of the pockets of the people by Congress. Such is Radicalism.

GRANT ON A NEGRO SUFFRAGE PLATFORM.

On Wednesday of last week, a Convention of soldiers, styling themselves the "Boys in Blue," met in Philadelphia, for the purpose of nominating Gen. Grant for President. The delegates present were all "Republicans," most of them local politicians. Lemuel Todd, of Cumberland county, a notorious abolitionist, who saw but little, if any thing, of the army during the war, was the leading spirit of the assemblage. On his motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the soldiers and sailors of the State of Pennsylvania, in convention assembled, having full confidence in the wisdom and loyalty of Congress, and *heartily approving its theory and plan of reconstructing the disloyal States*, as the only means of securing the rights of the loyal citizens thereof: and fully recognizing the patriotism, integrity and services of General U. S. Grant, and accepting his actions and utterances as proof of a full accord with the principles and measures which, under his lead, triumphed over treason and rebellion, and upheld the just and loyal powers of the government, do hereby nominate him for President of these United States.

It will be observed that this resolution places its nominee upon a platform endorsing the "Reconstruction" policy of Congress, that is, *Negro Suffrage* and *Negro Supremacy*. We shall see whether Lem. Todd's convention will be sufficiently powerful to pull the wool over the eyes of the white soldiers of the country. Grant on a Negro Suffrage platform, will never be swallowed by the soldiers of Pennsylvania. It is an insult to them to suppose that they can be caught in this manner. The very idea of the nomination of Grant, is a bait to entrap soldiers into the dead-fall of Negro Suffrage. The conservative soldiers of Pennsylvania will oppose any man and all men, Grant included, who are in any way connected with the scheme of Negroizing the government. This Convention, which thus undertakes to represent the wishes of the soldiers of Pennsylvania, should be rebuked by the thousands of veterans who disapprove its course. We hope that such soldiers as Gen. McCalmont, of Venango, Gens. McCandless, Lyle, Ballier, and Sipes, of Philadelphia, and Gen. Sweitzer, of Pittsburg, Gen. Dana, of Luzerne, Gen. Davis, of Bucks, Gen. Knipe, of Harrisburg, men who fought and suffered for their country, will call a Convention to express the true feeling of the Pennsylvania soldiers in regard to the "Reconstruction" policy of Congress.

A SNUG ARRANGEMENT.

From the Gettysburg *Star*, we copy the following item which will perhaps, be of interest to certain democratic politicians of this district. If the gentlemen in the "ring" can manage their respective counties, they will be able to control the democratic nomination for Congress, to the disappointment, not only of George A. Smith, Esq., of Fulton county, but also of the Hons. F. M. Kimmel, of Franklin, and A. H. Coffroth of this county, both of whom we are told are aspirants for that position.

"We understand that a 'ring' has been formed to effect the election of William A. Wallace as Mr. Buckalew's successor in the U. S. Senate, in case of Copperhead ascendency next year.—The same ring propose to make B. F. Meyers, of Bedford, Chairman of the State Committee next year. This is to soothe him for the defeat of his hope of being their candidate for Congress in this district—which is to be given to William McSherry, Esq., of this county, although George A. Smith, Esq., of Fulton, will press for the nomination on the ground that Fulton, one of the steadiest Copperhead counties in the District, has been overlooked so long. Franklin county is to supply their candidate for State Senate in the person of Calvin M. Duncan, Esq., who was defeated three years ago. He hopes to have better luck this time.

"If you want news concerning your household, go away from home." Of this proverb the above article which we find in the Somerset *Herald* of last week, is a capital illustration. The "ring" which is to make us chairman of the State Committee must have taken our radical friends, McPherson and Scull, into its confidence, rather than ourself upon whom its favors are to be bestowed; for, before we read the article printed above, we were in blissful ignorance of the existence of so generous and discriminating a body as the "ring" aforesaid. But, we suspect that these gentlemen, (the editors of the Gettysburg *Star* and the Somerset *Herald*) really desire our advancement, and in their anxiety to assist us, have drawn slightly upon their imagination. We are, of course, obliged to them for "bringing us out" as a candidate for Congress, especially, as, in case of our losing the nomination, we are to be "soothed" with the chairmanship of the State Committee But, lest our radical friends should become too much concerned for our success, we will say right here, that we have nothing to do with any "ring," clique, or combination, in regard to the nomination for Congress; we are for the man who can give your radical candidate the soundest drubbing, and, above all, we are for no man who needs any "soothing" after the nomination. Gentlemen, don't fret your gizzards! By the time you fill the hungry maws of your own office-seekers in this Congressional district (John Cessna *et al.*) you will be glad to drop the subject.

THE EIGHTH OF JANUARY.

In many of the larger cities, the anniversary of Jackson's victory at New Orleans, has just been celebrated, in every case by Democrats. The party which upholds the Congressional centralized despotism at Washington, has no relish for the commemoration of the deeds and doctrines of Old Hickory. "Oh! no, they never mention" him. But the Democracy, clinging to the principles which overthrew the monster U. S. Bank (the grand-parent of the National Banks and untaxed bonds of the present day) and remembering with respect and gratitude, the services rendered the country by the hero of New Orleans, take pride and pleasure in holding up to remembrance the name of Andrew Jackson. Accordingly, from year to year, it is the custom of Democrats to meet together on the 8th of January, to celebrate the day with appropriate patriotic ceremonies. Pursuant to this custom, a dinner was given at the Metropolitan Hotel, in Washington, on Wednesday of last week, at which many of the distinguished men of the country were present, President Johnson among the number. Speeches were made by Ex-Chief Justice Black, Attorney General Stanbery, Senator Doolittle and others, and letters read from Francis P. Blair, Sr., Secretaries Seward and McCulloch, Ex-Gov. W. Bigler, and many others. The speech of Judge Black was very able and forcible. We shall lay it before our readers as soon as we can find space. Attorney General Stanbery made a most interesting and effective address, stating, during the course of his remarks, that *the Reconstruction Bills are unconstitutional and null and void, from beginning to end.* We shall print the Attorney General's speech hereafter. The whole affair passed off very pleasantly, and will have a decidedly beneficial effect upon the politics of the country.

THE Rads are contesting the seat of Senator Shugert, of the Centre district, on the ground that "Deserters" voted for him. They know that the Supreme Court has decided that no man can be lawfully deprived of his right to vote, as a "Deserter," unless he shall have been tried, convicted, and sentenced to disfranchisement, by a proper tribunal. Yet they presume to take the law into their own hands, in order to oust Mr. Shugert and give his seat to one of their own party. John Cessna, of this place, is engaged in the dirty work of trying to *chisel* Mr. Shugert out of his seat. He came home the other day, and was scarcely out of the coach until he proclaimed upon the street that he had "got the kind of committee to suit him." We want the gentlemen composing that committee to know that Cessna thinks he carries them in his breeches-pockets.

IT is said that the constitutionality of the Reconstruction Acts, is about to be tested before the U. S. Supreme Court. There are several cases before that tribunal, which will bring up the issue. On Friday last, Judge Black, who is counsel for the complainant in *ex parte* McCardle (one of these cases) moved the Court to fix a day for a hearing in that case. The matter was deferred until the government could obtain counsel, Attorney General Stanbery declining to appear, he having written opinions on the other side (that the Reconstruction Acts are unconstitutional and null and void.) May the God of Justice speed the righteous decision which will strike these infamous measures from the statute book!

"There was no government in the world denying the people the right of a voice in the formation of the laws, which should not be overthrown by revolution. The right of suffrage belongs properly to all men, no matter of what color, black or white."

The above is taken from the report of a speech made in Lem. Todd's "Boys in Blue" Convention, which nominated Gen. Grant for President, at Philadelphia, the other day. A fellow by the name of Hutchinson, from Centre County, gave vent to this remark, and was cheered to the echo for so doing. The *White Boys in Blue* will please "stick a pin there." Do they agree with Todd, Hutchinson and Co., whose candidate Grant is, that the right of suffrage belongs properly to all men, no matter of what color, black or white?

GEN. GRANT has become the candidate of the bond-holders and the Bones and Banjo Reconstruction party. In his person will be represented the exemption of favored classes from taxation and the Radical conspiracy to overthrow white supremacy in the South. Cannot Democratic editors see this, and cease talking about Grant being "at outs with Ben Wade," and about his not intending to run for President? Grant will accept the Radical nomination, or any other nomination he can get.—He has Presidency on the brain, and can't open his mouth on account of t.

FIRST GUN FOR 1868.

The borough of Columbia, Lancaster county, has heretofore been intensely Radical. But the other day the Democrats turned the tables upon their opponents and carried their ticket by a handsome majority. This is a hopeful sign and shows that the great political revolution which is now sweeping over the country, has reached even the stronghold of the King of the Radicals, the home of Old Thad. himself.

ANOTHER GUN!

An election was held in California, a few days ago, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of a member of the State Senate. The deceased Senator was a Republican. A Democrat was elected to fill his place. The Golden State continues her adhesion to Democracy.

THE Democratic State Convention for the State of Ohio, met at Columbus on the 8th inst., elected delegates at large to the Democratic National Convention, and instructed the Ohio delegation to that Convention, to vote as a unit for GEORGE H. PENDLETON for President. Resolutions recommending the substitution of legal tender greenbacks for the National Bank Notes, (thus redeeming the bonds deposited for the security of those Banks) and the taxation of U. S. bonds, were unanimously adopted. Mr. Pendleton is very popular in the West, on account of his position on the financial question.

RICHMOND, Jan. 10.—The military officer sent to Halifax, two weeks ago, to queli apprehended disturbances, reports to headquarters that evidence of a Negro military organization was found. George Coleman, one of its officers, was arrested.

We find the above among the Associated Press dispatches printed in that immaculately loyal sheet, the Philadelphia *Inquirer*. The Negroes of the South are banded together in a secret armed league, for the purpose of overthrowing the ascendency of the whites and seizing the lands which the Radical missionaries have promised them. One of the beauties of Congressional "Reconstruction."

Many of the coffins of soldiers, buried by contract at St. Louis, have been found filled with sticks and stones. The bodies were doubtless sold by the contractors for anatomical purposes.—*Ex.*

Of such is the Kingdom of Radicalism. None but the most blatant "loyalists" were permitted to obtain contracts from Secretary Stanton. Their loud-mouthed "loyalty" paid them, even to the selling of the flesh and bones of dead soldiers. Horrible, but true!

E. W. DAVIS, a notorious "rooster," has been elected speaker of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg.—Nine Radical members, among them Mr. Richards, of this district, stood out against him for several days, but finally all but one of them "bowed the knee to Baal," and permitted their free Railroad principles to go to the dogs. *Vale*, Free Railroad Law, for this session.

CHARLESTON, January 8.—Yesterday a gang of black Union Leaguers fired on a mail carrier thirty miles from this city. He escaped by the fleetness of his horse.

What call you this, you fellows that talk of running lock-jaw Grant on the Mumbo-Jumbo "Reconstruction" platform? Is it *rebellion*, or is it *loyalty?*

THE *Genius of Liberty*, the venerable organ of the Democracy of Fayette county, has been greatly enlarged, and is now one of the largest, as well as one of the most influential papers on our exchange list. Success to its proprietors.

THE Bellefonte *Watchman* comes to us in a new form, with a new *head*, and otherwise improved. The *Watchman* is one of the ablest and most fearless Democratic papers in the State.

GOLD for foreign and domestic untaxed bondholders. Greenbacks (and few of them) for Soldiers' widows and orphans. There's the Radical financial policy for you!

MILLIONS for the Freedmen's Bureau. Little work and poor pay for the white laboring man. Another result of the Radical policy.

MILLIONS to make voters of the freed negroes of the South, to be paid out of the taxes of the North. More Radical policy for you.

EPAULETTES against PRINCIPLES. Which are the best for the people?

—Mary Harris, who killed Burroughs, the treasury clerk, at Washington, is in an insane asylum at Anticosta.

—A young woman being asked by a politician which party she was in favor of, replied that she preferred a wedding party.

—It is stated that ex-President Fillmore is writing a history of his administration.

HARRISBURG.

Meeting of the Legislature: Dead-Lock in the House: The Invincible Nine: John T. Richards bolteth: He also re-bolteth: The bolt of the Nine not a thunder-bolt: Davis, "candidate of the corporations," elected Speaker, etc.

Correspondence of the Bedford Gazette.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 11, 1868.

MR. EDITOR:—On Tuesday last, both houses of the legislature assembled, and the Senate at once organized by the election of Mr. Graham, of Allegheny, as speaker, and G. W. Hamersly, of Philadelphia, as Chief Clerk. The House, however, upon an attempt to effect an organization, found itself at a dead lock, nine of the Radical members refusing to support the caucus nominee, Mr. E. W. Davis, of Philadelphia. The difficulty arose from the fact that Mr. Davis' past record is very bad on the railroad question, he having invariably voted for the measures of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, and having figured conspicuously and not very creditably, in the well-known Tonnage Tax investigation. The Democrats voted for R. L. Jones, Esq., of Berks, a young man of much promise and entirely sound on the Free Rail-Road Law question. For twenty-five ballots the vote stood, for R. L. Jones, 45, for E. W. Davis, 45, and 9 scattering. On yesterday, however, eight of the "bolters" cast their votes for Mr. Davis, and he was elected, receiving 50 votes to Mr. Jones' 43. Mr Riddle, of Allegheny, voted for Mr. Wilson, refusing to the last to vote for Davis. Among the original "bolters" were Mr. J. T. Richards, of your district, Mr. Wharton, of Huntingdon and Mr. McCamant of Blair. These bolters published a card, a few days ago, in justification of their action, which I give you in full:

HARRISBURG, January 8.

Editors of the State Guard.—Gentlemen: Our attention has been called to an article in the *State Guard* of this day, reflecting severely on the position and motives of those of us who feel it to be our duty to withhold our support from the Hon. Elisha W. Davis, as a candidate for Speaker of the House of Representatives. Permit us to state that we are not disorganizers, but have at heart the success and welfare of the Republican party. We have voted and acted with that organization ever since it had an existence, and we intend to do so in the future, except when an attempt is made to inflict a great wrong upon the party. This we believe is now being done by some gentlemen who desire to see Mr. Davis elected Speaker, and who are and have been freely applying to us the epithets of disorganizers and malcontents. In the faithful discharge of our duty to an honest and incorruptible constituency, we have taken this stand, assured that when the time arrives for us to lay before the world our reasons at large for our action, it will meet with the approbation of every honest and true Republican in the State. Signed: A Armstrong, David L. Smith, John T. Richards, George R. Riddle, J. Boyd, Espy, Samuel McCamant, H. S. Wharton, members of the House of Representatives.

Notwithstanding "the great wrong that was about to be inflicted upon the party," in the election of Mr. Davis, Mr. Richards and the rest of the gentlemen who made this declaration, were induced to assist in his election. In a subsequent card, they say that they did so, because Mr. Davis gave them "pledges" and "assurances," but what the character of those "pledges" and "assurances," is, we are not informed. *Sic transit* Free Railroad Law.

In the Senate the seat of S. T. Shugert, one of the Senators from the Centre district, is contested, on the ground that he was elected by the votes of "Deserters." Mr. Shugert is a Democrat. Your man, little John Cessna, was here as one of the counsel for the contestant. The kind of work to be done in this case, suits John's taste and character exactly.

But enough for the present. You shall hear from me again. LEX.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED whose sufferings have been protracted from hideous causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits or melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. mar8,'67y1

FACTS.

That we have unequalled facilities for conducting business to the advantage both of ourselves and patrons, we submit the following TRUTHS—well known as such to the entire business community.

1st. We have *abundant cash capital*, therefore—
2d. We are enabled to *Buy for Cash exclusively*, consequently at the *lowest possible prices*, with the markets of the entire world to select from.
3d. In this particular WE HAVE ADVANTAGES shared by no other house in our business.
4th. We sell for cash exclusively—therefore at the lowest possible prices—having no losses incurred by selling on credit, to provide for.
5th. We have a business experience of a quarter of a century, having been longer established than any house in our trade in Philadelphia.
6th. Our business is thoroughly systematized, the result of long experience, which has taught us what the wants of the public are, and how best to meet them.
7th. We employ the best talent in all departments, our garments are therefore unsurpassed in style, fit and workmanship.
8th. Our business is large and constantly, increasing, enabling us to keep at all times the *largest, best assorted, and most complete stock of* MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS' CLOTHING in Philadelphia, to which large daily additions are made of fresh goods, replacing those sold.
9th. For reasons already enumerated we can, and do sell clothing in every respect superior—surpassed by none, equalled by few—at prices guaranteed *in all cases lower than the the lowest elsewhere*, or the sale cancelled and money refunded.
10th. If buyers should for any cause become dissatisfied after a purchase is made, if reported within a reasonable time, we pledge ourselves, by exchange, refunding of money, or otherwise, to give full satisfaction in every case, and request that all such may be reported to us for adjustment.

CARD.—Our stock of Fall and Winter Clothing is full and complete, and selling rapidly, but is as rapidly replenished each day with fresh and desirable styles of new goods, purchased recently, for cash, at great sacrifices, enabling us to sell at prices lower than have been known for years. Congratulating our patrons upon the decline of prices, which enables us to offer superior garments *at such low rates*, we request the favor of a call.

Halfway between Fifth and Sixth streets } BENNETT & CO., TOWER HALL, 518 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.
And 600 Broadway, NEW YORK.

jan3m6*

Proofs of the Superiority of

THE AMERICAN
WALTHAM
WATCHES.

This country has reason to be proud of this splendid specimen of American operative genius and enterprise. That it will work a revolution in the watch manufacturing of the world no one can doubt who examines the operations of the Waltham establishment, for it turns out watch movements at just about one-half the cost of imported movements—beside the uniform reliability of the machine-made watches must give them a great advantage over all others wherever known. A poor time-piece of the machine make will be as rare in the future as a good one of hand make has been heretofore for machinery is arbitrary in its performance, and can make a perfect article just as easy as one that is worthless. It will be a cause of congratulation if this highly useful American Enterprise shall have the effect of driving out of market the thousands of trashy foreign articles miscalled timekeepers, by furnishing so excellent and economical a substitute.—*N. Y. Times.*

"We have had one of the works of this Company in a case for some considerable time, and comparing them with former first-class works of different manufacture possessed by us, they have established in our opinion their superiority over any ever introduced for correctness as time pieces."—*The World.*

"We notice with regret (writing of the Paris Exposition) the absence of specimens of American manufacture, which, although only comparatively of recent birth among us, is already producing results of the most satisfactory character. The watches manufactured by the Waltham Company are certainly, so far as strength, durability, and excellence as time-keepers are concerned, as good as anything produced by the French or Swiss manufacturers."—*N. Y. Herald.*

"The beauty, the precision, the greater cheapness, the uniform excellence of a watch constructed by machinery so exquisite that the mere spectacle of its operation is poetic, gradually give the American Watches a public preference which will not be deceived."—*Harpers' Weekly.*

EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For Sale by all First-class Dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

For further information address the Agents,
ROBBINS & APPLETON,
jan10w4 182 Broadway, New York.

A STAR ON FIRE! was recently reported by the astronomers. What of that! Who cares for an orb myriads of miles away. Meanwhile, the whole country is

In a Blaze

of excitement at the wonderful effect produced during the past year upon tens of thousands of

Human Spheres

by that quencher of fiery hair, that transformer of gray hair, that swift beautifier of hair of every unpleasant shade of color,

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

a preparation as harmless as the April rain, Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.—Thousands of horses die yearly from Colic. This need not be. Dr. Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment will positively cure every case, if given when first taken. The cost is only one dollar. Every owner of a horse should have a bottle in his stable, ready for use. It is warranted superior to anything else for the cure of Cuts, Wind Galls, Swellings, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Old Sores, &c. This Liniment is no new remedy. It has been used and approved of for 20 years by the first horsemen in the country. Given to an overdriven horse, it acts like magic. Orders are constantly received from the racing stables of England for it. The celebrated Hiram Woodruff, of trotting fame, used it for years, and said it is far superior to any other he has tried. Recollect, Dr Tobias' Venetian Horse Liniment is put up in pint bottles. Take no other. Sold by the Druggists and Saddlers. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, New York. jan10w4

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, New York. sep13m8

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!—*Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!*—In from 10 48 hours

WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	THE ITCH.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	SALT RHEUM.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	TETTER.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	*Barbers' Itch.*
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	*Old Sores.*
WHEATON'S OINTMENT	cures	*Every kind of Humor like Magic.*

Price, 50 cents a box; by mail, 60 cents. Address WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. For sale by all Druggists. sep20,'67y1

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN,
may17,'67-1y Cedar Street, New York.

Dry-Goods, &c.

ANOTHER VETO ON HIGH PRICES!

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY

by buying your GOODS of

MILLER & BOWSER,

Mann's Corner, - - - BEDFORD, Pa.

They are now opening a choice variety of

NEW AND DESIRABLE

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Dry-Goods,
Ready-Made Clothing,
Fancy Goods,
Notions,
Cotton Yarn,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Queensware,
Wooden ware,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Brooms,
Baskets,
&c., &c., &c.

LOOK AT SOME OF THEIR PRICES:

CALICO, at 8, 10, 12, 15, 16.

GINGHAM, at 12½, 15, 18, 20.

MUSLIN, at 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, 20.

☞ Cassimeres, Cloths, Satinetts and Ladies' Sacking, at very low prices.

☞ Ladies', Gents' and Misses' Shoes, Sandals and Over-Shoes, in great variety.

☞ Men's, Boys' and Youths' Boots.

☞ Best Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Syrup in the market. Prices low

☞ Feed, Flour, &c., for sale at all times.

☞ We invite all to call and see our goods and compare prices before buying elsewhere.

☞ Our motto is, *Short Profits.*

☞ TERMS—Cash, Note or Produce.

oct25,'67

GLAD TIDINGS

GOOD GOODS ARE DOWN!

SCHELLSBURG AHEAD!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

just received and will be sold

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call at BLACK & BORDER'S,

in Schellsburg,

IF YOU WANT CHEAP GOODS of any kind!

We have no big stock of old goods at big prices.

Our stock is nearly all fresh and new. Look at some of our prices:

MUSLINS, from 10 to 17 cents.

CALICOS, from 8 to 15 cents.

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES at reduced prices.

DRESS GOODS, all kinds, cheaper than before the war.

ALL WOOLEN GOODS 25 per cent. cheaper than any that have been sold this season.

Gloves,
Hosiery,
etc., etc., etc.,
very low.
Groceries,
Queensware,
Wooden Ware
&c., &c.,
at the lowest market prices.

If you want Good Bargains and Good Goods, call at BLACK & BORDER'S.
Schellsburg, Dec. 6m3

WINTER IS COMING!

PREPARE FOR COLD WEATHER!

The undersigned hast just received from the Eastern Cities, a large and varied stock of

WINTER CLOTHING,

which he will sell very CHEAP FOR CASH or COUNTRY PRODUCE. All wool pants and vests as low as $8.00 to $12.00; overcoats, from $8.00 to $30.00; cloths, cassimeres, cassinetts, &c., of the best quality, and at the lowest prices; under-clothing, such as under-shirts and drawers, at $1.00 each; also, flannel shirts, at $1.75.

He has also on hand a large assortment of

DRY-GOODS,

such as ladies' dress goods, consisting of all wool delaines; calicoes, at 10, 12, 15 and 16 cents per yard; muslins, at 10, 12, 14 and 20; also NOTIONS in great variety; queensware, groceries, hoop-skirts, cotton-chain, tobacco and cigars, &c., &c. And a good supply of gum coats and blankets always on hand. Gum blankets at $1.75.

Thankful for past favors, he would solicit the continued patronage of the public, feeling confident that he can please all who purchase at his store. Remember the place, the "Old Colonnade," southeast corner of Richard and Pitt streets, Bedford, Pa. ISAAC LIPPEL.

nov1m3

CANCER, SCROFULA, &c., CURED.—☞ Persons afflicted with Cancer, Scrofula, Tumors, Eruptions, &c., are CURED by the use of Dr. GREENE'S ELECTRO-MEDICATED BATHS and Indian Vegetable remedies which cleanse the blood of all Humors, Mercury, Lead, &c., and restore health to invalids afflicted with every variety of disease. A book describing Cancer, Scrofula, Humors and other diseases, with their proper means of *cure*, may be obtained free at the Medical Institute, or by mail. Address Dr. R. GREENE, 16 Temple place, Boston, Mass.

The Bedford Gazette.

Home and Around.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP R.R.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—TIME TABLE.—Accommodation Train leaves Saxton at 7.35 a. m., and arrives at Huntingdon, at 9.30 a.m.; leaves Huntingdon at 4.40 p. m., and arrives at Saxton at 6.38 p. m.

Mail Train leaves Mt. Dallas at 1.00 p. m., arrives at Huntingdon at 4.17 p. m.; leaves Huntingdon at 7.50 a. m., and arrives at Mt. Dallas a 11.05 a. m.

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF BEDFORD COUNTY! READ! PONDER! ACT!—The following circular was recently issued by the chairman of the Democratic State Committee, but was stolen from the mails by some scoundrel of the unanointed sort, and we publish it in order that the Democracy may have the full benefit of it:

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Dec. 10, 1867.

Dear Sir:—The Spring Elections are approaching and it is of vital importance to us, in the great contest now pending, that we should secure in every locality, our just share of the Election Officers: Judges, Inspectors, Assessors and Constables. I write, to call your especial attention to this subject. I need not attempt to demonstrate its importance, all appreciate it. Let me beg that you and your Committee will give this subject prompt and earnest attention. Regard it as a business matter, and act accordingly. *Arouse our friends in every district;* show them how powerful this weapon is, when effectually used. *Use the necessary means to carry every sure and doubtful district for us.* Where we are in a minority, place a man of high character, well informed and courageous, on the Board, as our Inspector; *In such districts see that our very best men are selected.* It is a great error to fill such places with weak men.

Lists of doubtful men and of those who voted with us in 1867, for the first time, with their townships and post offices, can be made very useful. Furnish me all of these that you can obtain.

There are a great many aliens, ready for naturalization, throughout the State. All must now be naturalized. Your labors and mine will be lessened, if you will obtain their names and residences at an early day and give me the probable cost of naturalizing them.

In arranging for your spring elections, you can obtain this information with comparative ease.

If you have not already furnished me with the names and post office address of two active Democrats in each election district in your county, I will be obliged if you will do so.

Very respectfully, yours,
WM. A. WALLACE, Chairman.

This is excellent advice. We hope our Democratic friends in the several districts of this county, will at once proceed to carry out the suggestions of Mr. Wallace. Let every district have a committee on Naturalization and see to it that all who are entitled to citizenship apply for papers.

BAND ASSOCIATION.—The Democratic and Republican Brass Bands of this place, have formed an association for the purpose of advancing the interests of both bands, by giving public entertainments, &c. J. H. Longenecker was chosen President of the association, L. D. Saupp, Vice President, B. F. Meyers, Treasurer, and S. J. Jordan Secretary. At a meeting of the association held at the Court House, on Monday evening last, it was resolved to hold a Festival for the benefit of the Bands, on Monday and Tuesday nights of February Court. A theatrical entertainment was also proposed, which may be given at some future time. This association deserves the support of the people of the county, and should be liberally encouraged. The people of both parties, are fond of good music, at their political meetings, and they should see to it that these bands are not permitted to go down. The citizens of Bedford borough alone have contributed about $1000, in round numbers, to start and keep afloat the two bands, which is too much money to be invested in a mere temporary institution.

A NEW LITERARY ENTERPRISE.—Great liberality on the part of the publishers.—$1,000,000 to be awarded to the subscribers.—Novel plan to induce a large circulation.

We have been favored with advance sheets of a new monthly magazine, issued on an entirely new plan, by Messrs. Evans & Co., publishers.

From our knowledge of the parties engaged in this enterprise, we feel justified in asserting that their undertaking will be a success, and in all respects satisfactory to the public.

In addition to the attractions of a fresh and interesting monthly, containing articles from the best authors in this country and Europe, as the title indicates, the publishers draw upon the whole work for topics of interest, and offer as inducements (if such were needed) a "dividend system" of an entirely original character, in which all their patrons will participate. This department is under the personal supervision and exclusive control of Mr. George G. Evans, long and favorably known as a gentleman of experience, capability, enterprise and probity. We commend to all a perusal of the "prospectus," wherein the distinctive features of the entrprise are fully set forth, feeling satisfied that the result will be an immense circulation of their new monthly, "The World at Home." Full particulars are sent free. Address Publishers of "The World at Home," 814 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.—*From the Philadelphia Sunday Times, Dec. 20th*, 1867.

Waverly Magazine, Oliver Optic's Magazine, Every Saturday, Harpers' Weekly, Harpers' Bazar, Chimney Corner, Leslies' Illustrated, New York Ledger, New York Weekly, Spirit of the Times, &c., &c., for sale at the INQUIRER book store. Also all the School books used in the Common Schools, at reduced prices.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE, that R. W. Berkstresser & Co., make a speciality in ready-made clothing and gents' furnishing goods, and if you desire to make a good selection, we advise you to give them a call.

U. S. COMMISSIONER.—J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., of this place, has been recently appointed by Chief Justice, Hon. Salmon P. Chase, as a Commissioner, for Bedford County, under the Act of Congress of the 20th of February, A. D. 1812, entitled "An Act for the more convenient taking of Affidavits and Bail in Civil Causes depending in the Courts of the United States." He has also additional duties conferred by the several Acts of Congress relating to the Bankrupt and Internal Revenue Laws.

COLD WEATHER.—On Saturday, Sunday and Monday last, the weather was very cold. The Juniata, notwithstanding the swollen waters, became frozen over, and skating and ice-cutting went on briskly. Ice is a very good thing in its place. We prefer it in a water-cooler, in the dog-days, or interspersed with mint-juleps, or with cream, vanilla and sugar. Some people like it otherwise.

THE CHEAPEST FOOD.—The cheapest and most nutritious vegetable used for food is beans. Professor Liebig says that pork and beans form a compound of substances peculiarly adapted to furnish all that is necessary to support life. A quart of beans costs, say fifteen cents; half-pound of pork ten cents. This, as every housekeeper knows, will feed a small family for a day with good strengthening food. Four quarts of beans and two pounds of corned beef, boiled to rags, in fifty quarts of water, will furnish a good meal to forty men at a cost of one dollar—two cents and a half a meal.

THE SUNBURNER.—We have tried this article and must say that it is the most convenient form of kerosene lamp that has come under our observation. It produces a better light than the old lamps, the chimney is not apt to tilt, but can be lifted off at any time without scorching the fingers, and what is better than all, *it saves oil.* For sale by Irvine and Statler.

REMOVED.—H. Nicodemus, Esq., has removed his office to the Banking House of O. E. Shannon, Blymyer's Row, where he will be glad to attend to all business in his line entrusted to his care. Collections promptly attended to.

MARRIED.

FLUKE—EICHELBERGER—On the 2d inst., by the Rev. A. R. Kremer, Mr. David B. Fluke to Miss Harriet Eichelberger, both of Hopewell township.

O. E SHANNON, BANKER,
BEDFORD, PA.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. jan17,'68

ELECTION NOTICE.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Huntingdon and Broadtop Mountain Railroad and Coal Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 258, South 3d street, PHILADELPHIA, on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1868, at 11 o'clock, A. M., when an election will be held for a President and twelve Directors, to serve during the ensuing year. J. P. AERTSEN, Sec'y. jan17w3

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersgned, by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Richard Foor, late of East Providence township, deceased.
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims can present them, duly authenticated for settlement.
jan17w6* RICHARD T. FOOR, Adm'r.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary to the estate of Joseph Sellers, late of Bedford township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county.
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement.
JOHN S. SPROAT,
J. T. GEPHART,
jan17w6* WM. SHAFER, Ex'rs.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of February, 1868, the following described tract of land, late the property of Jonathan C. Dicken, deceased, situated in Cumberland Valley tp., adjoining lands of George Miller, Michael Boor and others, containing 200 ACRES, 104 PERCHES and allowance, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, and having thereon a splendid Orchard of thrifty fruit trees and a fine variety of grapes &c, TWO LOG DWELLING HOUSES, a LOG BARN and TANNERY, and other out-buildings thereon erected.
TERMS: Cash at the confirmation of sale.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock of said day.
LEVI HARDINGER,
jan17w4 Administrator of J. C. Dicken, dec'd.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—*To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting:* KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. ALEXANDER KING, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the 16th District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein, and the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and G. W. GUMP, and WILLIAM G. EICHOLTZ, Judges of the same Court in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you, are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other Remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, *on the 2d Monday of February, (being the 10th day,)* 1868, *at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day*, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.
Given under my hand and seal the 17th day of January, in the year of our Lord, 1868.
ROBERT STECKMAN,
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } Sheriff.
Bedford, Jan. 17, 1868. } w4

LIST OF CAUSES, put down for trial, at February Term, 1868, 10th day.
David Heidler vs. H. & B. M. R. R. & C. Co.
W. S. Entrekin vs. Kensinger & Fluck.
Mary Jane Holsinger vs. Josiah Holsinger.
Samuel Mosos vs. Sill & Zimmers.
John Leech vs. Jno. B. Longenecker.
Henry Wertz vs. Wilson Hafer.
Francis M. Diehl vs. Colerain tp. School Dist.
Geo. Blackburn vs. County of Bedford.
Kate Border vs. Geo. A. Beegle, et al.
John Cessna vs. Jonathan Bowser.
Certified, January 13, 1868
jan17w4 O. E. SHANNON, Proth.

TAVERN LICENSES.—Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have made applications for license, to be granted at February Sessions, A. D., 1868, 10th day.

Joseph Mortimore, Snake Spring tp.,	Tavern.
David Weimer, Monroe "	"
John Reighart, Union "	"
Wm. H. Allen, West Providence	Restaurant.
John Harris, Bedford Borough,	"
Wm. G. Eicholtz, Woodbury,	Tavern.
Wm. M. Pearson, "	"
Grundy F. Ake, St. Clairsville,	Restaurant.
Aaron W. Reed, S. Woodbury tp.,	Tavern.
John B. Amick, St. Clairsville,	"
Joseph Kirby, "	Restaurant.
Tobias Snider, Saxton,	Tavern.
Chas. M. Zook, M. Woodbury tp.,	Restaurant.
Jas. L. Prince, Saxton,	Tavern.
Wm. F Grove, Bloody Run,	"
Thos. Hodel, Bedford tp.,	Beer House.
D. & M. Ott, Bloody Run,	Tavern.

jan17w4 O. E. SHANNON, Clerk.

GEORGE SOLESBY *vs.* SUSAN SOLESBY.——In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county, No. 15, Sept. Term, 1867. Alias Subpœna in Libel for Divorce.
And now, September 2d, 1867, the Court, on motion of G. H. Spang, Esq., grant a rule on Susan Solesby, respondent in the above case, to show cause why a divorce, *a vinculo matrimonii*, should not be decreed. The rule returnable on Monday, February 10, 1868. O. E. SHANNON, Proth'y.
Attest, ROBT. STECKMAN, Sheriff. jan17w4

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—All persons interested, are hereby notified that the following accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's Office of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, on Tuesday the 11th day of February, next, at the Court House, in Bedford, for confirmation:
The account of Joseph Fisher, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Peter Osborne, late of West Providence tp., dec'd.
The account of Joseph Fisher, Esq., adm'r. of the estate of David Pittman, late of West Providence tp., dec'd.
The account of Robert Fyan, adm'r of the estate of Mary Byrne, late of Bedford borough, decd.
The account of Josiah Miller, Ex'or of the last Will, &c., of Catharine Wolford, late of Londonderry tp., deceased.
The account of Jacob Evans, Esq., adm'r of the estate of John Railey, late of Londonderry tp., dec'd.
The acount of Wm. Berkhimer, Ex'or of Joseph Riddle, late of Union tp., dec'd.
The account of Thomas McCoy, adm'r of the estate of Elizabeth Blackburn, late of St. Clair tp., dec'd.
The account of Joseph B. Noble, guardian of Samuel Koontz and Mary Ann Bollman, formerly Mary Ann Koontz, children of Hetty Koontz, late of Bedford tp., dec'd.
The account of George S. Bennett, and Artemas S. Bennett, executors of the last will and testament of Artemas Bennett, late of Southampton tp., dec'd.
The account of Mary Ann South, adm'r of Franklin South, late of Snake Spring tp., dec'd.
The account of John Dicken, Ex'or of Moses Dicken, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.
The account of Daniel Fletcher, Ex'or of John Martin, late of Monroe tp., dec'd.
jan17w4 O. E. SHANNON, Reg'r.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of sundry writs Vend Exponas and Levari Facias and Fi Fa., to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the court house, in the Borough of Bedford, on
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8TH, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A.M., the following real-estate, viz:
One tract of land, containing 295 acres, more or less, about 240 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, plastered, double log barn, with tenant house and other outbuildings thereon erected, with two good apple orchards thereon, adjoining Phillip Shoemaker, dec'd. on the west, Abraham Weisel on the Northwest, Simon Stuckey on the South, Christian Hetrick on the East, situate in Colerain Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Samuel Stuckey.
Also, one tract of land, containing 153 acres, more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story frame house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Wm. Latta, jr., on the South, Joseph Sleighter on the west, Bartley Hughes on the North, situate in west Providence Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Elijah French.
Also, one lot of ground, containing ¾ of an acre, more or less, and under fence, with a one story plank house and plank stable thereon erected, adjoining Adolphus Ake, Castleton Ake and others, situate in Union Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John Shaffer (miller.)
Also, one frame house, in the borough of Coaldale, known as the Postoffice and standing on spring street, adjoining lots of David Dunn and A. W Evans, and taken in execution as the property of A. W. Evans, Lemuel Evans and Levi Evans, situate in Broad Top Township, Bedford county.
Also, one tract of land, containing 108¾ acres, more or less, with a two story log House thereon erected, being the same tract of land which P. F. Lehman and Mary Ann, his wife, sold and conveyed to John H. Wertz and Sophia, his wife, and taken in execution as the property of J. H. Wertz and Sophia Wertz, situate in Harrison township, Bedford county.
Also, all the certain two story log House, messuage and tenement, situate in Rainsburg borough, Bedford county, fronting on Main street, adjoining lots of George James on the South and A. J. Pennell on the North and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building, seized and taken in execution as the property of Abraham Mowry, situate in Rainsburg borough, Bedford county.
Also, two tracts of land, No. 1, containing 175 acres, more or less about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story dwelling House and log barn thereon erected and other outbuildings; there is also a small apple orchard on the premises, adjoining lands of Wm. Stuckey on the South, William Conner on the East, Wm. Grubb on the South, Benjamin Shaws' heirs on the North. No. 2. containing 20 acres, more or less, with about 2 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining the above land and Samuel Mixsell and others and taken in Execution as the property of John Hann, situate in Monroe township, Bedford county.
Also, all the defendant's interest in and to a tract of land containing 70 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a one story log house and log barn and apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wash. Powell on the South and West, Peter Hillegas on the North, and Wm. Frazier on the East, situate in Juniata tp., Bedford county, Pa., seized and taken in execution as the property of Joseph Nicodemus.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, } ROBERT STECKMAN,
jan.17, 1868.-w4. } Sheriff.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS—Drawn for February Term, 2d Monday, 10th day, A. D., 1868:
Schellsburg—Isaiah Conley, *Foreman.*
Bedford Tp—Jacob Fetter.
Bedford Bor.—Simon Naus.
Broad Top tp—Levi Rinard.
Cumb. Valley—Franklin Hite, Samuel Hunt, Albert Arnold.
Harrison—William Egolf.
Liberty—John Kensinger, Samuel Harvey, Eli Eichelberger.
Londonderry—B. T. Buchanan.
Monroe—Abraham Stuckey, Geo B. Fletcher, Curtis Grubb.
Napier—Jeremiah Gordon, Sylvester J. Souser.
Providence W.—Alex Mortimore, Joseph Fisher.
Southampton—Lewis Browning, James Collins.
St. Clair—Jesse Blackburn, Thos. J. Miller.
Union—Michael Wertz.
Drawn and certified at Bedford, this 18th day of December, A. D., 1867.
ISAAC KENSINGER,
WILLIAM KIRK,
Attest: Jury Com'rs.
JNO. G FISHER, Clerk.

LIST OF PETIT JURORS, drawn for same term.
Bedford Bor.—Simon Cook, John R. Jordan.
Broad Top—John F. Lowry.
Cumb. Valley—William Deremer, Jr., William Mason, John P. Miller.
Colerain—Herbert Shoemaker.
Juniata—William Keyser, Joseph Dull.
Liberty—Philip Berkstresser, James Roades.
Monroe—Harrison P. Williams, Gideon Williams, James Carnell, David Means.
Providence E.—Christ. Meyers, Christian Felton, Samuel McFeeters, William Whetstone.
Providence W.—Daniel Sparks.
Southampton—Phillip Himes, James Pennell, George Elbin, John Howsare of D., John Robison, St. Clair—James Barefoot, Isaac B. Mock, William Barefoot.
Snake Spring—Abraham Koons, Benjamin Ashcom.
St. Clairsville—F. D. Beegle.
Woodberry M.—Thomas Johnson, Daniel Barley, Daniel H. Longenecker.
Woodberry S.—John Boyer, William H. Aaron.
Union.—Josiah Mowry, Adolphus Ake.
Drawn and certified at Bedford, this 18th day of December, A. D. 1868.
ISAAC KENSINGER,
WILLIAM KIRK.
Attest: Jury Com'rs.
JNO. G. FISHER, Clerk. jan17w4

LIST OF JURORS drawn for an Adjourned Court, 1st Monday, 2nd day of March, A. D. 1868.
Bedford Tp.—Ezra Williamson, George Mann, Michael Nawgel.
Broad Top—James A. Horton, John L. Tobias.
Coaldale—Walter Whitney.
Colerain—A. C. James, William S. Beegle, J. H. Cessna, John Shafer of Jno., Geo. W. Cessna.
Cumb. Valley—Weaver B. Cessna, Francis Growaen.
Juniata—William Kinsey, Leonard Bittner, Henry Hillegas, Joseph Barclay, John Garber.
Liberty—David Steel.
Monroe—Elias Nycum, Daniel Miller, David Barkman.
Napier—Thomas Cleaver, William H. Shafer, John S. Stuckey, Richard McMullin, Edmund S. Blackburn.
Providence E.—William Gracy.
Providence W.—Daniel Sams, James Calhoun, Snake Spring Daniel R. Snyder.
St. Clair—John Wolf, B. R. Henderson. William Oster.
Saxton—Jacob Raum.
Woodbery M.—Thomas Watson.
Woodberry S.—William Tetwiler, Josiah Ritchey.
Drawn & certified at Bedford, this 18th day of December, A. D. 1868.
ISAAC KENSINGER.
WILLIAM KIRK.
Attest: Jury Com'rs.
JON. G. FISHER, Clerk jan17w4

New Advertisements.

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WE SELL FOR ONE DOLLAR, Gold and Silver Watches, Sewing Machines, Silver Tea Setts, Silk Dress Patterns, Carpetings, Domestic Goods, &c., &c.
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NO MORE NEED of People in the country paying three or four profits on the goods they have to buy. The methods introduced by the *Dollar Sale* principle, as offered by GILMAN & CO., 119 Hanover St., Boston, Mass., enables consumers to obtain goods at wholesale prices, with almost unlimited allowing of exchange, and valuable presents thrown in. Send for a Circular, or send Ten cents for descriptive slip. Great inducements for persons to act as Agents.

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Legal Notices.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary to the estate of Arthur Rose, late of Cumb. Valley tp., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned.
All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement. [jan3w6*] HENRY ROSE, Ex'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of Thos. Imler, late of Bedford township, dec'd.
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment.
dec13w6 EPHRAIM IMLER, Adm'r.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary to the estate of Jacob Dull, late of Napier Township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Bedford county.
All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make immediate payment.
JOHN RININGR,
jan10w6 JACOB DULL, Ex'rs.

Notices, &c.

TO BUILDERS.—The undersigned Building Committee for the Reformed Church near Simon Harclerode's, in Colerain tp., will receive proposals for the construction of the Church building, until Saturday, January 25, 1868, the contract to be awarded to the lowest and best bidder. For plan and specifications, address the undersigned, at Bedford, Pa.
H. P. DIEHL,
JONATHAN BOWSER,
jan2w4 JOSHUA DIEHL,
Build. Com.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.—In the matter of the petition of sundry persons, (incorporators), for the incorporation of the "Democratic Brass Band of Bedford," presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, at November Term, 1867, it was ordered and directed that notice of the application be published in one newspaper, in Bedford, for three weeks, &c. Now, notice is hereby given, that an application for the incorporation of a musical society, under the act of assembly, has been made, to be called "the Democratic Brass Band of Bedford," and that the charter of Incorporation will be asked for at the next Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Bedford, on the 10th day of February, 1868. By the Court:
dec13w3 O. E. SHANNON, Proth'y.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.—Notice is hereby given, that the License granted W. J. Mullin, Pa., for the use of Rubber as a base for artificial teeth, has been revoked. All persons are hereby cautioned against employing said W. J. Mullin in the above-named branch of Dentistry, as by so doing they render themselves equally liable to prosecution for infringement. Any information of Rubber work done by him will be promptly prosecuted. JOSIAH BACON,
Treas. Goodyear Dental Vulcanite Co.
Boston, Dec .13,'67.m2]

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W. H. Watson, M. D.	C. N. Hickok,
B. F. Harry, M. D.	Geo. Blymyer,
Sam'l L. Russell,	G. D. Shuck,
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Sales.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—The undersigned executors of the last Will and testament of Abraham Keagy, late of Middle Woodberry tp., deceased, by virtue of the said Will, will sell at public sale at "Keagy's Bank," in Bedford county, Penna., on FRIDAY, the 17th day of JANUARY, 1868, the following described valuable real estate, viz:
1. A tract of land known as the "Abraham Keagy Farm," adjoining lands of William S. Elder on the North, Peter Keagy and Christian Hoffman on the West, Andrew Bassler on the South, and other lands of the said decedent on the East, containing ninety-one acres and one hundred and fifty-five perches, net measure, of which eighty acres are cleared and the balance well timbered, with a two story frame dwelling house, a frame bank barn, with wagon shed attached and other outbuildings thereon erected. There is a very fine young orchard thereon, also, good water convenient. The land consists of the best of limestone.
2. A tract adjoining the above containing thirty-six acres and sixty-seven perches, net measure, having thereon erected a first-class Grist Mill, with three run of Stone, a Mill house and stable attached, a Country Carding Mill, dwelling house and stable attached, Iron Foundry and Machine Shop, with a chopping Mill, and three dwelling houses and two Stables attached, with the patterns, flasks, &c.' &., belonging to the said estate, and about four acres of timber land. The water power is ample to supply all the above improvements and any other that may from time to time be erected. The water right is as good as any in the country. All the above property lies on the turnpike leading from Hollidaysburg to Pattonsville, within one mile of Woodberry, in one of the best wheat growing districts in southern Pennsylvania and is one of the most desirable locations in the State. The railroad in contemplation from Hollidaysburg to Pattonsville must pass directly through it.
TERMS—One-half cash in hand, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest, secured by judgment bonds or bonds and mortgage.
Sale to commence at ten o'clock of said day.

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Shirts made to order.
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WHITE LEAD.
This Paint is Manufactured of the
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GIVE IT A TRIAL AND YOU WILL NEVER USE ANY OTHER.
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CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our First National Lead, other parties have been induced to offer a spurious article. ☞Therefore Beware of Counterfeits.☜ The Genuine is put up in Extra Heavy Tin Paint Pots, with Patent metallic wire handles, and the name of T. Morris Perot & Co. on each label. dec6,'67y1

J. HENRY HUTTON,
WITH
SHUMWAY, CHANDLER & Co.,
Wholesale Manufacturers and
DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES,
221 Market and 210 Church Streets,
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☞ Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
Aug30,'67.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS are still ahead of all competitors and stand unrivalled in POWER, PURITY OF TONE and BRILLIANCY, and all other points which go to make a first-class instrument.
The "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is the greatest of all modern improvements on reed instruments. It CHARMS and SURPRISES all who hear it, by its wonderful resemblance to the HUMAN VOICE. Do not confound this with the common tremolo in use. It is entirely different, and far superior to any other.
For sale wholesale and retail by
E. M. BRUCE,
18 N. Seventh Street, Philadelphia.
☞ Send for descriptive circular and price list.
The effect of your "Tremolo" is entirely new to me, and is certainly the *best* I ever heard.—GEO. W. MORGAN. [The first Organist of America.
No Tremolo has yet been invented that will in any degree compare with this for beauty of effect. In fact, it seems to me to be absolutely perfect.—WM. A. JOHNSON. Pipe Organ Builder.
Estey's Cottage Organs are without a superior for exceedingly quick articulation and round tone—the essential features in instruments of this class.—GEO. JARDINE, Pipe Organ Builder.
The Cottage Organ is the best of its class I ever saw, and the best adapted for church music of any in use.—C. HEINTZ, Organist, Findlay, O.
I am much pleased with the Cottage Organ which I purchased from you; it combines sweetness and power in an unusual degree, and is quite a favorite in our family circle.—BISHOP SIMPSON.
We know no organs of the class which possess so many valuable qualities.—INDEPENDENT.
For the parlor, its sweetness is remarkable; for the church it has a power more organ-like than anything we have seen.—METHODIST.
Persons wishing to purchase an organ are requested to examine the Estey instruments now in use at the Presbyterian and Episcopal Churches, Bedford, Pa. jul26,'67

NAMMOTH SALE BILLS, printed at short notice. Large Bills make large sales. We know it to be so. TRY IT! It will much more than pay the *extra expense* of printing. Call at THE GAZETTE JOB OFF

Hotel.

WASHINGTON HOTEL, BEDFORD, Pa.—This large and commodious house, having been re-taken by the subscriber, is now open for the reception of visitors and boarders. The rooms are large, well ventilated, and comfortably furnished. The table will always be supplied with the best the market can afford. The Bar is stocked with the choicest liquors. In short, it is my purpose to keep a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Thanking the public for past favors, I respectfully solicit a renewal of their patronage.
N. B. Hacks will run constantly between the Hotel and the Springs.
may17,'67y1 W. DIBERT, Prop'r.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hafer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.
☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.
JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.
Jan. 15, '64

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.
The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house, both for the accommodation of travelers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.
Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.
All are invited to give him a call.
ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.
April 15, '64.

UNION HOTEL,
WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA:
V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.
This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms.
May 9, '62.

525 MILES OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD
RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA
ACROSS THE CONTINENT,
ARE NOW COMPLETED.
This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans' Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.
The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent. Bonds at the rate of from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, for which it takes a second lien as security, and receives payment to a large if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all necessary rolling stock and other equipments.
The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world, and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.
The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders, and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.
The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have been paid in upon the work already done.
EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.
At present, the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.
It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a Government Work, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
are offered for the present at 90 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than U. S. Stocks. They pay
SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,
or over NINE PER CENT. upon the investment. Subscriptions will be received in Bedford by RUPP & SHANNON, and in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau street, and by CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau st., CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51, Wall st., JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall st., and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.
A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or its advertised Agents, or will be sent free on application.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.
Jan3m1

ENTERPRISE
MACHINE WORKS,
Logan Street, - - - LEWISTOWN, Pa.
H. D. SLAGLE & BRO., Pro'rs.
O. R. DAVIS, Superintendent.
MANUFACTURERS OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, PORTABLE AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES AND BOILERS;
Portable Steam Saw Mills;
Iron and Brass castings of every description made and fitted up for Mills, Factories, Blast Furnaces, Forges, Rolling Mills, &c.
We call the attention of TANNERS to our Oven for Burning Tan under Steam Boilers.
☞ TERMS MODERATE.
All orders promptly attended to.
H. D. SLAGLE & BRO.,
sep27m6 Lewistown, Pa.

THE CELEBRATED
ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS.
J. ESTEY & CO., Brattleboro, Vt.,
The Original Inventors and Manufacturers.
Combining more perfections than any other in the world.
Have taken the 1st premiums at all the principal Fairs in the country.
395 Washington-st., Boston; 417 Broome-st., N. Y.; 18 No. 7th.st.; Phila; 115 Randolph-st., Chicago.

LUMBER.—60,000 feet Oak, White and Yellow Pine Lumber on hands and for sale by J. B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
jun14,'67tf Bloody Run, Pa.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Pennsylvania.

Stationery, &c.

NEW BOOK
STATIONERY
AND PICTURE
STORE.
The undersigned has opened, in Shafer's building, on Julianna street, a new
BOOK, STATIONERY AND PICTURE STORE.
Having purchased the largest stock of Books and Stationery ever brought to this place, at the lowest wholesale prices, he flatters himself that he will be able to sell *cheaper* than any other persons engaged in the same business. His stock consists in part of
School Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Standard Poetry,
Popular Novels,
Also Hymn-books for all denominations, Episcopal Prayer-books, Missals, &c., &c.
Children's Story Books, Toy Books, Books on Parlor Magic, Books on Games, Song Books, Dime Novels, etc., etc.
His stock of School Books embraces Osgood's series of Readers, Brown's Grammars, Brooks' Arithmetics, Davies' Algebra, Raub's Speller, and all the books used in the Common Schools of Bedford county; also, copy-books, of all kinds.
Stationery of every description at the lowest prices, will be found at his store, inciuding Foolscap, plain and ruled, Legal cap, Letter cap, Bill Paper, Commercial Note, Ladies' Note, Envelopes, of all kinds, and sizes, plain, fancy, fine white wove, &c., &c., Steel Pens, Pen-holders, Slates and Slate Pencils, Faber's Lead Pencils, of all numbers, Ink-stands of the most beautiful and convenient designs, and Inks of the best quality at the lowest prices.
Also, a large assortment of Kerosene Lamps, Plain and Fancy Soaps, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Cigars, Pen-knifes, Perfumery, &c.
A specialty will be made of the Picture Department. Fine Large Portraits of Washington, Lincoln, Johnson and other distinguished Americans. Fancy Pictures, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views, Picture Frames, &c., &c, will be always kept on hand. Porte Monnaies, Pocket-books, handsome Port-folios, &c. Also, Violins, Accordeons and other Musical Instruments; Checker-boards, Chess-men, etc., etc.
Hoping to merit the patronage of the public, he has selected his stock with great care, and is bound to sell cheap to all who will give him a call. JOHN KEEFFE.
Bedford, Dec. 13.

THE INQUIRER BOOK STORE.—The subscribers have just opened a Book and Stationery Store, in the building adjoining the "Inquirer Office," opposite the "Mengel House," lately occupied by Mrs. Tate, where they are prepared to sell all kinds of Stationery, such as Foolscap, Congress, Legal and Record cap, Long Bill, Sermon Letter, Congress Letter, Commercial Note, best quality, Bath Post large and small, Ladies' note (gilt), Ladies' Octavo note (gilt), Mourning different styles, French note, Envelopes of all kinds and qualities, Pass Books at least a dozen varieties, Pocket Ledgers, Time Books, weekly and monthly, Tuck Memorandums, twenty different kinds, Diaries of all descriptions, Blank Books, Long Quarto, Broad, Ledgers and Day Books, all sizes and qualities, Chalk Crayons, Slates, Arnold's Writing Fluids, Hoover's Inks, Carmine Inks, Charlton's Inks, Sand, Pocket Books, all kinds, Banker's Cases, Carpenter's Pencils, twenty kinds of other pencils, a variety of pens and pen-holders, Stationer's Gum, Clerk's Indelible Pencils, Gum Bands, Pocket-book Bands, Flat Glass Ink Wells and Racks, School Inkstands, Barometer Inkstands with Rack, Pocket Inkstands, Sand Boxes, Pencil Sharpeners, Receipt Books different kinds, Copy Books, Composition Books, Primers, A. B. C. Cards, Osgood's Spellers and 1st 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Readers, Brooks' Primary Mental and Written Arithmetics, Mitchell's Intermediate Geography, Brown's Grammar, Lossing's Pictorial History of the United States, Sealing Wax, Blanks, Deeds, Blotting Pads, Photograph Albums, various kinds and sizes, Almanacs, &c., &c. Persons wishing anything in this line will find it to their advantage to give the "Inquirer Book Store" a call. We buy and sell for cash and expect to sell as cheap as goods of the same class and quality can be sold anywhere outside of the large cities.
nov,29'67y1 DURBORROW & LUTZ.

THE POPULAR EDITION OF DICKENS.
D. APPLETON & COMPANY,
443 & 445 Broadway, New York,
Will publish immediately A CHEAP EDITION OF THE
WORKS OF CHARLES DICKENS,
FOR THE MILLION,
Clear Type, Handsomely Printed, and of Convenient Size,
Comprising the following Volumes, at the annexed Prices, varying in price according to the number of Pages:

Oliver Twist (now ready)..	172	pages....	25 cents.
American Notes.....	104	do	15 do
Dombey & Son.....	348	do	35 do
Martin Chuzzlewit.....	330	do	35 do
Our Mutual Friend.....	330	do	35 do
Christmas Stories (ready)..	160	do	25 do
Tale of Two Cities.....	144	do	20 do
Hard Times.....	180	do	25 do
Nicholas Nickleby (ready)	340	do	35 do
Bleak House.....	340	do	35 do
Little Dorrit.....	330	do	35 do
Pickwick Papers.....	326	do	35 do
David Copperfield.....	330	do	35 do
Barnaby Rudge.....	247	do	30 do
Old Curiosity Shop.....	220	do	30 do
Great Expectations.....	184	do	25 do
Sketches and Pictures from Italy.....	170	do	25 do

On receipt of $4.50 we will mail to any address, as published, post-paid, the entire works of Chas. Dickens.
Either of the above sent, free by mail, on receipt of the price.
EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
For the Million to secure a Library.
CLUB RATES.
A discount of 25 per cent. will be made for 30 copies of one volume or 30 complete sets, sent to one address; a discount of 20 per cent. on 50 copies, 15 per cent. on 10 copies.
CANVASSERS
Have the opportunity of procuring more subscribers for this series than for any other, as every apprentice, mechanic, and journeyman will certainly buy Dickens at this low price.—Send to the Publishers for special rates.
NEARLY READY.
THE WAVERLY NOVELS.
In the same cheap style.
jan3m1

RICHARD V. LEO & CO.,
Manufacturers of
CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,
BEDFORD, PA.,
The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand everything in their line of manufacture.
BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASHSTANDS, &C., &C.,
will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste.
They have also added to their stock,
FRENCH COTTAGE SUITS,
MARBLE TOP TABLES,
CANE CHAIRS,
SOFAS,
TETE A TETES,
&c., &c.,
Eastern manufacture.
Having purchased the stock and tools of Thos. Merwine, (late Wm. Stahl's) they have added the same to their manufactory.
COFFINS will also be made to order, and a HEARSE always in readiness to attend funerals.
☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.
☞Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.
aug.23,m3. RICHARD V. LEO & CO.

AGENTS WANTED throughout the State of Pennsylvania for the UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.
ESTABLISHED IN 1850.
Capital and Assets about $2,500,000.
Apply to O. BARDENWERPER,
General Agent for Penna., 422 Walnut st., Philadelphia. nov15m2*

Job Printing.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE
POWER PRESS
PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,
BEDFORD, PA.
MEYERS & MENGEL
PROPRIETORS.
Having recently made additional improvements to our office, we are prepared to execute all orders for
PLAIN AND FANCY
JOB PRINTING,
With dispatch and in the most
SUPERIOR STYLE.
CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, CHECKS, CERTIFICATES, BLANKS. DEEDS, REGISTERS, RECEIPTS, CARDS, HEADINGS, ENVELOPES, SHOWBILLS, HANDBILLS, INVITATIONS, LABELS, &c. &c.
Our facilities for printing
POSTERS, PROGRAMMES, &c.,
FOR
CONCERTS AND EXHIBITIONS,
ARE UNSURPASSED.
"PUBLIC SALE" BILLS
Printed at short notice.
We can insure complete satisfaction as to time and price

THE SUPERIOR MERITS of the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE over all others, for family use and general purposes, are so well established and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellencies is no longer considered necessary. They are simple durable and beautiful.
OVER 50,000 SOLD THE PAST YEAR.
THE
"WHEELER & WILSON"
possesses valuable improvements, which can only be used with this popular machine, a fact which should be noted by those who intend and desire to purchase a Machine adapted to
ALL KINDS OF FAMILY SEWING.
Below we give a few well known Pittsburg names who are using these Machines in their families, and to whom we refer with pleasure.

Rev Dr J Douglas,	Rev Dr Kerr,
" Dr Gracey,	" A C Holmes,
" Samuel Findley,	" Mr Wagner,
" A K Bell,	" W J Reid,
" W Sprout,	" G Slatterly,
" A C McClelland,	" W S Gray,
Hon J K Moorehead,	" E B Snyder,
" Thos Williams,	" — A Macrum,
" H W Williams,	" — F Scovelle.
Rev Dr J Allison, R Paterson, Esq.,	Presbyterian Banner
Rev Dr Kerr, H J Murdock,	United Presbyterian.
Russell Errett, Sam'l Riddle,	late Pittsburgh Gazette,
R D Thompson, J C Harper,	Pittsburgh Commercial
J Herron Foster,	Pittsburgh Dispatch.
J P Barr,	Pittsburgh Post.
C Henne,	German Republican.
L & W Neeb,	Freedom's Friend.
J T Wright,	Evening Chronicle.

And over 5,000 others.
Circulars containing eminent testimonials, and samples of sewing, will be sent to any address on application to
WM. SUMNER & CO.,
jun14,'67 No. 27 Fifth Street, Pittsburg,
Mrs. H M Ogle, Local Agent, Bedford, Pa.
R U Grove, Traveling Agent, Bloody Run, Pa

MEDICAL.—DR. A. S. SMITH, having resumed the Practice of Medicine, solicits a generous share of the patronage of the community. Office in his residence, at St Clairsville.
He would call the attention of the public, and to those more immediately interested to the following: His health being too delicate to bear much of the fatigues and exposures consequent on general practice, he has adopted a speciality in the profession.
Soon after commencing practice, some twenty years since, he was attracted by the almost universality of female complaints, both in the married and single state. Partly from natural inclination, and in order to obtain success in practice, these complaints were made the subject of incessant study. These alterations, displacements and deranged functions of the organs peculiar to the female, are owing to that refined sense of delicacy on the part of the female, who, ignorant of the consequences, prefers to suffer in silence rather than expose her situation. Seldom cured by the general practitioner, who is prevented by this delicacy from acquiring by experience that tact and skill necessary to discriminate the exact change present, and contents himself with prescribing for the deranged functions, or overlooking the cause, simply for attendant nervous disorders, founding his prescriptions on a Plethoric Anaemonic state of the general system and the result is no benefit, as the number of the long suffering females bears ample testimony. Believing that he has, from long and special attention paid to them, acquired that skill in discriminating and experience in treating, he solicits the suffering to give him a call. No charges for consultation or examination. Visits made to all parts of the county.
Applications for medicines can be made in writing by accompanying stamp for return letter.—Medicines sent when desired. TERMS invariably cash for all medicines and instruments.
nov29m3

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.—Price six cents.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical cure of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, resulting from self-Indulgence or Sexual extravagance, &c.—By DR. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book, &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of Self-Abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,
CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post Office Box 4586.
aug23,'67—1y

PUMPS!!!
I am engaged in selling the
ERIE PUMP—
certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate
Persons in need of a
GOOD PUMP,
will do well to give me a call.
☞Orders from all parts of the county attended to with promptness.
ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Aug. 1, '65—1y Schellsburg

DANIEL BORDER,
PITT STREET, TWO DOORS WEST OF THE BEDFORD HOTEL, BEDFORD, PA.
WATCHMAKER AND DEALER IN JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, &C.
He keeps on hand a stock of fine Gold and Silver Watches, Spectacles of Brilliant Double Reined Glasses, also Scotch Pebble Glasses. Gold Watch Chains, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, best quality of Gold Pens. He will supply to order any thing in his line not on hand.
Oct. 20, 1865-

GUNS AND LOCKS.—The undersigned respectfully tenders his services to the people of Bedford and vicinity, as a repairer Guns and Locks. All work promptly attended to. L. DEFIBAUGH
sep 28, '66—tf

25 WAGONS FOR SALE AT KNOX' SHOPS, near Bedford. [apr19tf.

Clothing, etc.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!
THE BEDFORD
CLOTHING EMPORIUM
Has been removed to *SHUCK'S ROOM*, one door West of the Washington House.
The undersigned would beg leave to inform their friends and many customers that they have removed their store to the above named place, where we are prepared to exhibit the largest stock of
READY-MADE CLOTHING
ever brought to Bedford, consisting in part of
Over-Coats,
of every quality and price,
Dress Coats,
Business Coats,
Cassimere Pants,
Cloth Pants,
Cassinet Pants,
Cassimere Vests,
Cloth Vests,
Cassinet Vests.
We have a lot of Army Clothing,

Very Cheap:	
Blouses,	$2 50
Overcoats,	6 00
Blue Pants,	3 50 @ 4 00
Currying Shirts,	1 50

Our NOTION department is full and complete.
CASSIMERE SHIRTS,
WHITE SHIRTS,
WOOLEN SHIRTS,
at all prices.
The largest stock of
PAPER COLLARS
in Bedford,
Cloth-lined, Linen finished, Lockwood, Enamelled, Cloth imitation, Glazed, of all sizes, for ladies and gents.
SUSPENDERS,
NECK-TIES,
BOWS, &c.
Ladies' and Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs.
Gloves, Hosiery, &c., of every description.
Our CASSIMERES and CLOTHS will be found suitable for old and young, rich and poor. TRIMMINGS of all qualities.
We would call the special attention of gentlemen to our line of HATS, which we boast on in price, quality and style. There is no style but what we have.
Calicos, Delaines, Muslins, Tickings, &c., &c.
CASH BUYERS should call and examine, as our terms are cash or produce.
nov8.'67 R. W. BERKSTRESSER & CO.

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!
A NEW HAND AT THE BELLOWS,
at the old stand of BLYMYER & SON.
The undersigned, having purchased the entire stock of Geo. Blymyer & Son, and having added thereto, by fresh purchases in the East, respectful ly announces to the public, that he is now prepared to sell at the
LOWEST CASH PRICES,
or for
APPROVED COUNTRY PRODUCE,
everything in the *HARDWARE* line, such as
Carpenters',
Joiners', Cabinet and
Shoemakers' tools and
findings, cross-cut and mill-saws, grindstones and fixtures.
saddlery of all kinds, nails by the keg or pound, wagon tire, strap iron, nail rod, double and single shear, blister and cast steel, horse-shoes by the keg or smaller quantities, double and single bitted axes, cutlery of every description, knives and forks very cheap, and the very best pocket knives, Portemonaies and pocket-books, silver tea and table spoons in sets, brittania ware in sets, trays, &c., paints, oils and varnishes, window glass all sizes, lamps and lamp chimneys, wooden and willow ware, wash boards, churns, manilla rope, halters, bed-cords and twines, brushes of every description, shoe blacking, shovels and forks, grain shovels, chains of all kinds, sausage cutters and sole and kip leather, also the very best calf skins, buffalo robes, and a general variety of goods kept in a first-class HARDWARE STORE.
☞ Our object shall be to be governed by the golden rule, *to do unto others as you would wish to be done by.* We intend to sell at par rates, and by fair dealing hope to merit a continuance of the patronage bestowed on Blymyer & Son.
nov1m6 THOMAS M. LYNCH.

$23,000,000.
THE NEW SIX PER CENT.
PENNSYLVANIA
STATE LOAN
FREE FROM ALL STATE, COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL
TAXATION.
Will be furnished in sums to suit, on application tot he nearest Bank or Banker; also by either of the undersigned,
JAY COOKE & CO.,
DREXEL & CO.,
E. W. CLARK & CO.
apr26* Bankers, Philadelphia.

R. H. SIPES' MARBLE WORKS.
R. H. SIPES having established a manufactory of Monuments, Tombstones, Table-Tops, Counter Slabs, &c., at Bloody Run, Bedford county, Pa., and having on hand a well selected stock of Foreign and Domestic Marble, is prepared to fill all orders promptly and do work neat and in a workmanlike style, and on the most reasonable terms. All work warranted. Jobs delivered to all parts of this and adjoining counties without extra charge. apr19,'66y1

PRINTERS' INK has made many a business man rich We ask you to try it in the columns of THE GAZETTE

Physicians.

DR. GEO. B. KELLEY, having permanently located in ST. CLAIRSVILLE, tenders his professional services to the citizens of that place and vicinity. nov2'66y1

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., BLOODY RUN, Pa., tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office one door west of Richard Langdon's store.
Nov. 24, '65—1y

DR. J. L. MARBOURG, Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.
Office on Juliana street, east side, nearly opposite the Banking House of Reed & Schell.
Bedford, February 12, 1864.

MEDICAL.—DR. S. G. STATLER, near Schellsburg, and DR. J. J. CLARKE, formerly of Cumberland county, Pa., having associated themselves in the Practice of Medicine, respectfully offer their professional services to the citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity.
Dr. Clarke's office and residence same as formerly occupied by J. Smith, Esq., dec'd.
apr12,'67y1 STATLER & CLARKE.

Bankers.

JACOB REED, J. J. SCHELL,
REED AND SCHELL,
Bankers and
DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PA.,
DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.
Deposits solicited.

RUPP & SHANNON, BANKERS,
BEDFORD, PA.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
COLLECTIONS made for the East, West, North and South, and the general business of Exchange transacted. Notes and Accounts Collected and Remittances promptly made. REAL ESTATE bought and sold. febs

Publications.

1867.—"THE WORLD."—1867.
The attention of the public is invited to the claims of "The World" as one of the leading public journals of the country. It is the chief organ of the Democratic Party of the United States, and the foremost advocate of the immediate restoration of the Union. Its highest merits consists in its character as an enterprising and trustworthy newspaper.
The next year bids fair to be a more critical one in the history of our free institutions than even any eventful ones that have preceded it. The first requisite for an intelligent judgment of public affairs is a full and authentic account of facts as they transpire. These THE WORLD always aims to give with conscientious accuracy, and with equal fullness and fidelity, whether they make for or against its own views of public policy. Prompt activity in spreading before its readers every kind of news in which any part of the public takes an interst, is the first duty of a newspaper, and the facilities of THE WORLD for discharging this obligation are unsurpassed by those of any journal in the United States. Whatever else it may fail in, it certainly will not fail to furnish the news, nor to supply it with such promptitude, spirit, freshness, abundance, variety, accuracy and candor, that no class of readers can miss anything of interest which they wish to find. THE WORLD will publish documents and arguments prepared by political foes just as freely as those prepared by political friends; making its own comments on them, of course, but never suppressing or garbling them because they are calculated to damage its own party. Adverse arguments, which it cannot refute, it is content to leave to make their full impression. THE WORLD adopts this rule because it believes no other is honest; because it conceives that its first duty to its readers is to keep them thoroughly informed on every passing subject of importance. In politics, THE WORLD will continue to be the bold advocate of a Liberal, Progressive Democracy. The unflinching champion of Freedom, Justice, Order and Constitutional Rights. The inspiration of its politics is Freedom restrained by Justice; or, to speak more strictly, Freedom pure and simple, in the largest collective measure; the office of justice being merely to protect freedom from encroachments; Freedom of the individual citizen in his rights of thought, speech, religion and locomotion; in his Right to choose his own food and drink, in spite of meddlesome temperance laws; in his Right to make any money bargains he thinks proper, in spite of foolish usury laws; in his Right to buy and sell in all markets, domestic and foreign, in spite of unjust protective tariffs; in his Right to representation in the legislative bodies which tax him, in spite of unconstitutional exclusions; Freedom of collective citizens to assemble for discussion of grievances; Freedom of all local communities to manage their local affairs without central interference; Freedom in every section of the country from the arrogant and unconstitutional domination of other sections; this large and comprehensive idea of Freedom sums up the politics of THE WORLD, which will never be found wanting to this capital interest of the country and of the human race.
In its accurate Commercial Intelligence and careful, reliable market reports, THE WORLD will continue to maintain its present high reputation. A paper published in the commercial metropolis is naturally looked to for authentic information relating to trade, commerce and finance; and this being a feature in which the THE WORLD prides itself, it boldly challenges comparison with every journal in the metropolis.
EDITIONS.
The WEEKLY WORLD, a large quarto sheet, same size as Daily, is now printed throughout in large type, and has the largest circulation of any weekly journal published, save one. Its extraordinary success since its union with the New York ARGUS has justified the most liberal expenditures, which will make it unrivalled in interest and value to farmers. Published Wednesday.
1. Its Market Reports embrace the New York, Albany, Brighton and Cambridge Live Stock Markets; the New York Country Produce and General Produce Markets; special and valuable Hop Intelligence; a department of Agricultural Reading; all together composing an unrivalled handbook of current information for the Farmer, Live Stock or Produce Dealer, Country Merchant, &c.
2. A page or more reserved for entertaining Fireside Reading for the Family circle, embracing the freshest and best Stories, Poetry, Religious Reading, etc., and a page for the Discussion of all Prominent Topics of general interest, political agricultural, financial, literary, etc.
3. Its Digest of the News is not, like most weeklies, a mere waste-basket of the Daily; only matters of interest and importance are chosen from the Daily, while the mass of its contents are prepared especially for the Weekly.
In every postoffice district there should be found some active, public spirited Democrat, who will confer a benefit upon us, his neighbors, and the cause, by counseling with his Democratic friends and making a determined effort to form as large a club as possible for the WEEKLY WORLD.
The SEMI-WEEKLY WORLD is a large quarto sheet, same size as Daily, which, by omitting a great mass of city advertisements from the Daily, contains all its news, correspondence, editorials, commercial and market news, cattle market and provision reports, and a fresh and entertaining miscellany of literature. Published Tuesday and Friday.
The DAILY WORLD affords a complete compendium of, and commentary upon, the news of every day.
TERMS.
WEEKLY WORLD.—One copy, one year, $2.00, four copies, $7.00; ten copies, $15; twenty copies to one address, $25; fifty copies, to one address, $50
SEMI-WEEKLY WORLD.—One copy, one year, $4 four copies, $10; ten copies, 20.
DAILY WORLD.—One copy, one year, $10.00
CLUB PRIZES.
For clubs of 10, one Weekly, one year.
" " 50, one Semi-Weekly, one year.
" " 100, one Daily, one year.
DIRECTIONS.
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